UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

☑ QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023

ror u	ne quarterry p	teriou ended June 30, 2023	
		or	
☐ TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO	O SECTION 1	13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECUR	ITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the tra	ansition period	d from to	
	_	le Number: 001-39946	_
		^	
	6		
	-		
	AG	RIFY	
(Exact		CORPORATION rant as specified in its charter)	
Nevada			30-0943453
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organ	nization)	(I.R.S	Employer Identification No.)
		lustrial Row Dr.	
(Address o		lichigan 48084 cutive offices, including zip cod	e)
	(855	5) 420-0020	
(Regis		number, including area code)	
Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:			
Title of each class	Tra	ding Symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share		AGFY	NASDAQ Capital Market
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter perior requirements for the past 90 days.			
			YES □ NO 🗵
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitt Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preced			
			YES □ NO 🗵
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large ac emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.			
Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer	
Non-accelerated filer	\boxtimes	Smaller reporting company Emerging growth company	⊠ ⊠
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant			ded transition period for complying with any new
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell com	npany (as defin	ed in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchan	ge Act).
			YES □ NO 🗵
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the iss	uer's classes of	f common stock, as of the latest	
6		,	•

Class
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value

Outstanding as of October 19, 2023

1,651,281



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PART I - FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

AGRIFY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In thousands, except share and per share data)

	J	une 30, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022
	(U	naudited)		
Assets				
Current assets:	Φ.	200	Φ	10.455
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	308	\$	10,457
Restricted cash				10,000
Marketable securities		4		460
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$4,090 and \$4,605 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively		1,348		1,070
Inventory, net of reserves of \$32,422 and \$32,422 at June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively		18,736		21,396
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		2,153		1,510
Total current assets		22,549		44,893
Loan receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts of \$19,215 and \$33,050 at June 30, 2023 and December 31,		,		11,000
2022, respectively		11,257		12,214
Property and equipment, net		9,123		10,044
Operating lease right-of-use assets		2,359		2,210
Other non-current assets		156		326
Total assets	Ф		Ф	_
Total assets	\$	45,444	\$	69,687
Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	21,859	\$	20,543
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities		12,109		16,380
Operating lease liabilities, current		831		734
Long-term debt, current		1,424		28,833
Deferred revenue		3,593		4,112
Total current liabilities		39,816		70,602
Warrant liabilities		4,361		5,985
Other non-current liabilities		86		147
Operating lease liabilities, net of current		1,703		1,587
Long-term debt, net of current		19,152		407
Total liabilities		65,118		78,728
		00,110	_	70,720
Commitments and contingencies (Note 15)				
Communicates and contingencies (Note 13)				
Stockholders' (deficit) equity:				
Common Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 10,000,000 and 5,000,000 shares authorized at June 30, 2023 and				
December 31, 2022, respectively, 1,622,946 and 1,038,298 shares issued and outstanding at June 30, 2023 and				
December 31, 2022, respectively (1)		2		1
		2		1
Preferred Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 2,895,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding Preferred A Stock, \$0.001 par value per share, 105,000 shares authorized, no shares issued or outstanding		_		_
		244,373		227 975
Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit				237,875
		(264,282)		(247,148)
Total stockholders' deficit attributable to Agrify		(19,907)	_	(9,272)
Non-controlling interests		233		231
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	45,444	\$	69,687

(1) Periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the 1-for-20 reverse stock split on July 5, 2023. Additional information regarding the reverse stock splits may be found in Note 1 – Overview, Basis of Presentation, and Significant Accounting Policies, included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

AGRIFY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS

(In thousands, except share and per share data) (Unaudited)

	Three months ended June 30,				Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2023			2022	2023			2022
Revenue (including \$0, \$1,129, \$46, and \$1,763 from related parties,								
respectively)	\$	5,066	\$	19,329	\$	10,870	\$	45,350
Cost of goods sold		4,466		17,717		9,282		39,568
Gross profit		600		1,612		1,588		5,782
General and administrative		4,819		19,378		11,750		29,137
Selling and marketing		1,120		2,332		2,710		4,422
Research and development		643		2,438		1,378		4,522
Change in contingent consideration		(638)		(907)		(1,322)		(907)
Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets		_		69,904		_		69,904
Total operating expenses		5,944		93,145		14,516		107,078
Loss from operations		(5,344)		(91,533)		(12,928)		(101,296)
Interest expense, net		(400)		(3,311)		(1,199)		(2,752)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		(1,048)		20,181		1,624		30,966
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of notes payable		(11)		_		(4,631)		
Other expense, net		(4)				<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Other (expense) income, net	,	(1,463)		16,870		(4,206)		28,214
Net loss before income taxes		(6,807)		(74,663)		(17,134)		(73,082)
Income tax benefit		_		62		_		262
Net loss		(6,807)		(74,601)		(17,134)		(72,820)
(Income) loss attributable to non-controlling interests		2		(3)		2		(4)
Net loss attributable to Agrify Corporation	\$	(6,805)	\$	(74,604)	\$	(17,132)	\$	(72,824)
Net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders – basic and diluted	\$	(4.39)	\$	(561.31)	\$	(13.05)	\$	(569.13)
Weighted average common shares outstanding – basic and diluted (1)		1,549,669		132,911		1,312,299		127,956

(1) Periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the 1-for-20 reverse stock split on July 5, 2023. Additional information regarding reverse stock splits may be found in Note 1 – Overview, Basis of Presentation, and Significant Accounting Policies, included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements

AGRIFY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (In thousands)

(Unaudited)

	Commo	on Stock	Preferre	d A Stock	Ad	lditional	Accumula	ted	Total Stockholders' Equity attributable to		ion- trolling	Sto	Total ckholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-	-in-Capital	Deficit		Agrify	Int	erests		Equity
Balance at January 1, 2022	111,035	\$ —		\$ —	\$	196,034	\$ (58,9	975)	\$ 137,059	\$	365	\$	137,424
Stock-based compensation	_		_			953		_	953		_		953
Issuance of Common Stock and warrants in													
private placement	12,252	_	_	_		14,800		_	14,800		_		14,800
Acquisition of Lab Society	1,490	_	_	_		1,903		_	1,903		_		1,903
Exercise of options	21	_	_	_		10			10		_		10
Exercise of warrants	7,916	_	_	_		1		_	1		_		1
Net income						<u> </u>	1,7	<u> 180</u>	1,780		1		1,781
Balance at March 31, 2022	132,714					213,701	(57,1	95)	156,506		366		156,872
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	_		940		_	940		_		940
Exercise of options	21	_	_	_		10		_	10		_		10
Exercise of warrants	222	_	_	_		1			1		_		1
Net loss							(74,6	<u>604</u>)	(74,604)		3	_	(74,601)
Balance at June 30, 2022	132,957	\$		\$	\$	214,652	\$ (131,7	199)	\$ 82,853	\$	369	\$	83,222

AGRIFY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIT) (In thousands) (Unaudited)

	Commo	n Stock	Preferred	l A Stock	Additional	Accumulated	Total Stockholders' Equity attributable to	Non- Controlling	Total Stockholders'
	Shares	Amount	Shares	Amount	Paid-in-Capital	Deficit	Agrify	Interests	Equity
Balance at January 1, 2023	1,038,298	\$ 1		\$ —	\$ 237,875	\$ (247,148)	\$ (9,272)	\$ 231	\$ (9,041)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	_	859	_	859	_	859
Issuance of Common Stock through an "at									
the market" offering, net of fees	323,082	_	_	_	1,545	_	1,545	_	1,545
Issuance of Common Stock to Pure Pressure	366	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Vesting of restricted stock units	17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase									
Plan Shares	2,500	_	_	_	25	_	25	_	25
Net loss						(10,327)	(10,327)		(10,327)
Balance March 31, 2023	1,364,263	1			240,304	(257,475)	(17,170)	231	(16,939)
Stock-based compensation	_	_	_	_	752	_	752	_	752
Issuance of held-back shares to Lab Society	499	_		_	_	_	_	_	_
Exercise of prefunded warrants in private									
placement	35,000	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Conversion of Exchange Note	69,567				2,146	_	2,146	_	2,146
Conversion of Convertible Note	153,617	1	_	_	1,171	_	1,172	_	1,172
Net loss						(6,807)	(6,807)	2	(6,805)
Balance June 30, 2023	1,622,946	\$ 2		<u> </u>	\$ 244,373	\$ (264,282)	\$ (19,907)	\$ 233	\$ (19,674)

AGRIFY CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

(In thousands) (Unaudited)

For the six months ended

	June 30	0.	
	2023	2022	
Cash flows from operating activities:			
Net loss attributable to Agrify Corporation	\$ (17,132) \$	(72,824)	
Adjustments to reconcile net loss attributable to Agrify Corporation to net cash used in operating activities:			
Depreciation and amortization	938	2,193	
Amortization of premium on investment securities		1,055	
Amortization of debt discount Interest on investment securities	70	2,735	
Amortization of issuance costs		(1,247) 370	
Deferred income taxes		(262)	
Stock based compensation expense	1,611	1,893	
Early termination of lease		26	
Non-cash interest income	_	(1,010)	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1,624)	(30,966)	
Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets		69,904	
Provision for doubtful accounts	(542)	8,630	
Provision for slow-moving inventory	(337)	929	
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	5	8	
Loss on extinguishment of notes payable, net	4,631	_	
Change in fair value of contingent consideration	_	(907)	
(Income) Loss attributable to non-controlling interests	(2)	4	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of acquisitions:	•	(4.5.5)	
Accounts receivable	264	(4,305)	
Inventory	3,030	(20,171)	
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	739	785	
Prepaid and refundable taxes Right of use assets, net	(140)	(16)	
Other non-current assets	(149) 170	60	
Accounts payable	1,237	(2,324)	
Accrued expenses and other current liabilities	(4,261)	(2,324) $(4,049)$	
Operating lease liabilities	213	(1,012)	
Deferred revenue	(519)	(1,002)	
Net cash and cash equivalents used in operating activities	(11,634)	(50,491)	
Not eash and eash equivalents used in operating activities	(11,031)	(50,151)	
Cash flows from investing activities:			
Purchases of property and equipment	(60)	(9,100)	
Proceeds from disposal of property and equipment	5		
Purchase of securities	_	(211,030)	
Proceeds from sale of securities	10,456	214,449	
Issuance of loan	(591)	(20,443)	
Proceeds from repayment of loan receivable	1,548	_	
Cash paid for business combination, net of cash acquired		(3,513)	
Net cash and cash equivalents provided by (used in) investing activities	11,358	(29,637)	
Cash flows from financing activities:			
Proceeds from issuance of debt and warrants in private placement, net		62,405	
Proceeds from issuance of Common Stock and warrants in private placement, net of fees	- 1.545	25,797	
Proceeds from "at the market" Program, net	1,545		
Proceeds from Employee Stock Purchase Plan Shares	25		
Proceeds from exercise of options Proceeds from exercise of warrants	_	19	
Repayment of debt in private placement	(10,307)	2	
Repayments of notes payable, other	(71)	_	
Payments on other financing loans	(2)	(243)	
Payments on insurance financing loans	(999)	(1,071)	
Payments of financing leases	(64)	(187)	
Net cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by financing activities	(9,873)	86,722	
	(10,149)		
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,594	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of period	10,457	12,014	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	\$ 308 \$	18,608	
Cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at end of period			
Cash and cash equivalents	308	18,608	
Restricted cash		30,000	
Total cash, cash equivalents, and restricted cash at the end of period	\$ 308 \$	48,608	

Supplemental disclosures of non-cash flow information		
Initial fair value of warrants	\$ _	\$ 40,496
Financing of prepaid insurance	\$ 1,820	\$ 1,928
Conversion of private placement debt into Common Stock	\$ 3,160	\$ _
Transfer of property and equipment to inventory	\$ 33	\$ _

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1 — Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of Business

Agrify Corporation ("Agrify" or the "Company") is a leading provider of innovative cultivation and extraction solutions for the cannabis industry, bringing data, science, and technology to the forefront of the market. The Company's proprietary micro-environment-controlled Agrify Vertical Farming Units (or "VFUs") enable cultivators to produce the highest quality products with what we believe to be unmatched consistency, yield, and return investment at scale. The Company's comprehensive extraction product line, which includes hydrocarbon, alcohol, solventless, post-processing, and lab equipment, empowers producers to maximize the quantity and quality of extract required for premium concentrates.

The Company believes it is the only company with an automated and fully integrated grow solution in the industry. The Company's cultivation and extraction solutions seamlessly combines its integrated hardware and software offerings with a broad range of associated services including consulting, engineering, and construction and is designed to deliver the most complete commercial indoor farming solution available from a single provider. The totality of its product offerings and service capabilities forms an unrivaled ecosystem in what has historically been a highly fragmented market. As a result, the Company believes it is well-positioned to capture market share and create a dominant market position in the indoor cannabis sector.

The Company was formed in the State of Nevada on June 6, 2016 as Agrinamics, Inc., and subsequently changed its name to Agrify Corporation. The Company is sometimes referred to herein by the words "we," "our," and similar terminology.

The Company has nine wholly-owned subsidiaries, which are collectively referred to as the "Subsidiaries" and the Company also has ownership interests in certain companies.

Reverse Stock Splits

On October 18, 2022, the Company effected a 1-for-10 reverse stock split of its Common Stock. All share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split for all periods presented unless otherwise indicated.

On July 5, 2023, the Company effected a 1-for-20 reverse stock split of its Common Stock, All share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split for all periods presented unless otherwise indicated.

No fractional shares of Common Stock were issued as a result of these reverse stock splits. Any fractional shares in connection with these reverse stock splits were rounded up to the nearest whole share and no stockholders received cash in lieu of fractional shares. The reverse stock splits had no impact on the number of shares of Common Stock that the Company is authorized to issue pursuant to its articles of incorporation or on the par value per share of the Common Stock. Proportional adjustments were made to the number of shares of Common Stock issuable upon exercise or conversion of the Company's outstanding stock options and warrants, the exercise price or conversion price (as applicable) of the Company's outstanding stock options and warrants, and the number of shares reserved for issuance under the Company's equity incentive plan. All share and per share information included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q has been retroactively adjusted to reflect the impact of these reverse stock splits.

Confidentially Marketed Public Offering

On December 16, 2022, the Company entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Canaccord Genuity LLC as the underwriter, pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell an aggregate of 594,232 shares of its Common Stock, and, in lieu of Common Stock to certain investors that so chose, pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants") to purchase 75,000 shares of our Common Stock, and accompanying warrants (the "December 2022 Warrants") to purchase 1,338,462 shares of the Company's Common Stock (the "Offering"). The shares of Common Stock (or Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants) and the accompanying December 2022 Warrants will be issued separately but can only be purchased together in this Offering. Additional information regarding the Company's December 2022 Warrants may be found in Note 4 – Fair Value Measures and Note 10 – Stockholders' Equity, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The aggregate gross proceeds to the Company from the Offering were approximately \$8.7 million including offering costs of approximately \$0.5 million for broker fees and legal expenses, for net proceeds of \$8.2 million. The Company has used the net proceeds from the Offering, together with its existing cash resources, for working capital and general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures and repayment of debt.

Nasdaq Deficiency Notice

On October 4, 2022, the Company received a deficiency letter from the Listing Qualifications Department (the "Staff") of The Nasdaq Stock Market, LLC ("Nasdaq") notifying the Company that, for the last 30 consecutive business days, the bid price for the Company's Common Stock had closed below \$1.00 per share, which is the minimum closing price required to maintain a continued listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market under Nasdaq Listing Rule 5550(a)(2) (the "Minimum Bid Requirement"). In accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), the Company had 180 calendar days to regain compliance with the Minimum Bid Requirement. To regain compliance with the Minimum Bid Requirement, the closing bid price of the Company's Common Stock must be at least \$1.00 per share for a minimum of 10 consecutive trading days during this 180-day compliance period, unless the Staff exercised its discretion to extend the minimum trading day period pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(G). On October 28, 2022, the Staff notified the Company that the closing bid price for its Common Stock was more than \$1.00 for 10 consecutive trading days, and that the Company therefore regained compliance with the Minimum Bid Requirement.

On January 19, 2023, the Company received a new deficiency letter from the Staff of Nasdaq notifying the Company that, for the previous 30 consecutive business days, the bid price for its Common Stock had closed below \$1.00 per share, which is the minimum closing price required to maintain a continued listing on The Nasdaq Capital Market under the Minimum Bid Requirement. In accordance with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(A), the Company had 180 calendar days to regain compliance with the Minimum Bid Requirement. To regain compliance with the Minimum Bid Requirement, the closing bid price of the Company's Common Stock must be at least \$1.00 per share for a minimum of 10 consecutive trading days during this 180-day compliance period, unless the Staff exercises its discretion to extend the minimum trading day period pursuant to Nasdaq Listing Rule 5810(c)(3)(G). On July 19, 2023, the Company received a notice from Nasdaq confirming its recompliance with the minimum bid price rule.

As disclosed in the Current Report on Form 8-K filed on April 17, 2023, the Company's audit committee concluded that, as a result of inadvertent errors in the accounting for warrants previously issued by the Company, it was appropriate to restate the Company's previously issued unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements as of and for the quarterly periods ended March 31, 2022, June 30, 2022 and September 30, 2022 included in the Company's Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for such periods in amended quarterly reports for the affected periods. As a result of such restatements, the Company was unable to timely file the 2022 Form 10-K, the First Quarter 2023 Form 10-Q and the Second Quarter 2023 Form 10-Q without unreasonable effort or expense.

On April 18, 2023, the Company received a notice from Nasdaq (the "April Nasdaq Notice") that it was noncompliant with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1) as a result of its failure to file its Annual Report on Form 10-K (the "Form 10-K") with the SEC by the required due date.

On May 17, 2023, the Company received a second notice from Nasdaq (the "May Nasdaq Notice") that it remained noncompliant with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1) as a result of its failure to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 2023 (the "First Quarter Form 10-Q") with the SEC by the required due date.

On August 16, 2023, the Company received a third notice from Nasdaq that it remain noncompliant with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1) as a result of its failure to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2023 (the "Second Quarter Form 10-Q") with the SEC by the required filing date (the "August Nasdaq Notice" and, together with the April Nasdaq Notice and the May Nasdaq Notice, the "Nasdaq Notices").

The Nasdaq granted the Company an exception until October 16, 2023, to file its 2022 Form 10-K and First and Second Quarter 2023 Forms 10-Q. The Nasdaq Notice had no immediate effect on the listing of the Company's Common Stock on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC.

On October 17, 2023, the Company received a Staff Delisting Determination (the "Staff Determination") from the Listing Qualifications Department of Nasdaq notifying the Company that it was not in compliance with Nasdaq's continued listing requirements under the Listing Rule as a result of its failure to file the First Quarter Form 10-Q, the Second Quarter Form 10-Q and the Form 10-K (collectively, the "Delinquent Reports") in a timely manner.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On November 16, 2023, the Company received a notice from Nasdaq that the Company remains noncompliant with the Listing Rule as a result of its failure to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2023 with the SEC by the required filing date (the "November Nasdaq Notice" and, together with the April Nasdaq Notice, the May Nasdaq Notice, and the August Nasdaq Notice, the "Nasdaq Notices").

The Company timely requested a hearing before the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the "Panel"), and the Panel scheduled a hearing for January 11, 2024. In connection with the hearing request, the Company requested that the stay be extended through the hearing and the expiration of any additional extension period granted by the Panel following the hearing. In that regard, pursuant to the Nasdaq Listing Rules, the Panel granted the additional extension period. However, there can be no assurance that the Company will be able to regain compliance by the end of any additional extension period.

The Paycheck Protection Program

In May 2020, the Company received an unsecured Paycheck Protection Program Loan ("PPP Loan") from the Bank of America pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP") under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act"), administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration (the "SBA"). The Company received total loan proceeds of approximately \$779 thousand from the PPP Loan. On February 18, 2022, the Company applied for forgiveness of the outstanding balance of the PPP Loan and the application was denied by the SBA on March 18,2022. However, on June 23, 2022, the Company received a letter from Bank of America agreeing to extend the maturity date to May 7, 2025 and the loan will bear interest at a rate of 1.00% per year. The PPP loan is payable in 34 equal combined monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$24 thousand that commenced on August 7, 2022.

Basis of Presentation and Principles of Consolidation

Accounting for Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("GAAP") and include the accounts of Agrify Corporation and its wholly-owned subsidiaries, as described above, in accordance with the provisions required by the Consolidation Topic 810 of the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). The Company includes results of operations of acquired companies from the date of acquisition. All significant intercompany transactions and balances are eliminated.

Accounting for Less Than Wholly-Owned Subsidiaries

For the Company's less than wholly-owned subsidiaries, which include, Agrify-Valiant LLC ("Agrify-Valiant"), and Agrify Brands, LLC ("Agrify Brands"), the Company first analyzes whether these entities are a variable interest entity (a "VIE") in accordance with ASC Topic 810, Consolidation ("ASC 810"), and if so, whether the Company is the primary beneficiary requiring consolidation. A VIE is an entity that has (i) insufficient equity to permit it to finance its activities without additional subordinated financial support or (ii) equity holders that lack the characteristics of a controlling financial interest. The financial results of a VIE are consolidated by the primary beneficiary, which is the entity that has both the power to direct the activities that most significantly impact the entity's economic performance and the obligation to absorb losses or the right to receive benefits from the entity that potentially could be significant to the entity. Variable interests in a VIE are contractual, ownership or other financial interests in a VIE that change with changes in the fair value of the VIE's net assets. The Company continuously re-assesses (i) whether the joint-venture is a VIE, and (ii) if the Company is the primary beneficiary of the VIE. If it is determined that the joint-venture qualifies as a VIE and the Company is the primary beneficiary, the Company's financial interest in the VIE is consolidated.

Based on the Company's analysis of these entities, the Company has determined that Agrify-Valiant and Agrify Brands are each a VIE, and that the Company is the primary beneficiary. While the Company owns 60% of Agrify-Valiant's equity interests and 75% of Agrify Brand's equity interests, the remaining equity interests in Agrify-Valiant and Agrify Brands are owned by unrelated third parties, and the agreement with these third parties provides the Company with greater voting rights. Accordingly, the Company consolidates its interest in the financial statements of Agrify-Valiant and Agrify Brands under the VIE rules and reflects the third parties' interests in the consolidated financial statements as a non-controlling interest. The Company records this non-controlling interest at its initial fair value, adjusting the basis prospectively for the third parties' share of the respective consolidated investments' net income or loss or equity contributions and distributions. These non-controlling interests are not redeemable by the equity holders and are presented as part of permanent equity. Income and losses are allocated to the non-controlling interest holders based on its economic ownership percentage.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Going Concern

In accordance with the FASB Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2014-15, "Presentation of Financial Statements - Going Concern", the Company's management evaluated whether there are conditions or events that raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the financial statements' issuance date. The following matters raise substantial doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date the financial statements are issued.

The Company has incurred operating losses since its inception and has negative cash flows from operations and a working capital deficiency. The Company also has an accumulated deficit of \$264 million as of June 30, 2023. The Company's primary sources of liquidity are its cash and cash equivalents and marketable securities, with additional liquidity accessible, subject to market conditions and other factors, including limitations that may apply to the Company under applicable SEC regulations, from the capital markets, including under its at-the-market continuous equity offering ("ATM" or "ATM Program").

As of June 30, 2023, the Company had \$312 thousand of cash, cash equivalents, and marketable securities. The Company had no restricted cash as of June 30, 2023. As of December 31, 2022 the Company's restricted cash balance of \$10.0 million was associated with its new senior secured note (the "Exchange Note"). Current liabilities were \$39.8 million as of June 30, 2023. Additional information regarding the Company's Exchange Note may be found in Note 8 – Debt, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

On October 18, 2022, the Company entered into the ATM Program with Canaccord Genuity LLC (the "Agent") pursuant to which it may issue and sell, from time to time, shares of its Common Stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50 million, depending on market demand, with the Agent acting as an agent for sales. The ATM Program allowed the Company to sell shares of Common Stock pursuant to specific parameters defined by the Company as well as those defined by the SEC and the ATM Program agreement. In 2022, the Company sold 306,628 shares of Common Stock under the ATM at an average price of \$50.85, resulting in gross proceeds of \$15.6 million and net proceeds \$15.1 million after commissions and fees to the Agent totaling \$468 thousand and legal fees totaling \$75 thousand. As of April 1, 2023, after which time the ATM program was discontinued, the Company sold an additional 323,082 shares of Common Stock under the ATM at an average price of \$4.93, resulting in gross proceeds of \$1.6 million and net proceeds of \$1.6 million after commissions and fees to the Agent totaling \$48 thousand. \$3.0 million of the proceeds under the ATM Program were used to repay amounts due to the Investor under the Exchange Note. The Company used the net proceeds generated from the ATM Program for working capital and general corporate purposes, including repayment of indebtedness, funding its transformation initiatives and product category expansion efforts and capital expenditures. Due to the late filing of the Company's 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company is no longer eligible to utilize the registration statement on Form S-3 relating to the ATM Program.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the Company's consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of expenses during the reporting period. Significant estimates include assumptions about collection of accounts and notes receivable, the valuation and recognition of stock-based compensation expense, valuation allowance for deferred tax assets, the valuation of inventory, and useful life of fixed assets and intangible assets. The Company bases its estimates on historical experience, known trends and other market-specific information, other relevant factors that it believes to be reasonable under the circumstances, and management's judgement. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its estimates when there are changes in circumstances, facts, and experience. Changes in estimates are recorded in the period in which they become known. Actual financial results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the Company's prior period financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the current period financial statements. In this Form 10-Q, the Company has reclassified selling, general and administrative expenses to two separate line items in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations as general and administrative expenses and selling and marketing expenses for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

In addition, the Company effected a 1-for-10 reverse stock split of its Common Stock on October 18, 2022 and a 1-for-20 reverse stock split of its Common Stock on July 5, 2023. All share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split for all periods presented unless otherwise indicated. The shares of Common Stock retained a par value of \$0.001 per share. Accordingly, the Stockholders' equity section of the Consolidated Balance Sheet reflects the reverse stock split by reclassifying from "Common Stock" to "Additional paid-in capital" an amount equal to the par value of the decreased shares resulting from the reverse stock split.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist principally of cash and deposits with maturities of three months or less as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022. All cash equivalents are carried at cost, which approximates fair value.

Marketable Securities

The Company's marketable security investments primarily include investments held in mutual funds, municipal bonds, and corporate bonds. The mutual funds are recorded at fair value in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets as part of cash and cash equivalents. The municipal and corporate bonds are considered to be held-to-maturity securities and are recorded at amortized cost in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets. The fair value of these investments was estimated using recently executed transactions and market price quotations. The Company considers current assets to be those investments that will mature within the next 12 months, including interest receivable on long-term bonds.

Accounts Receivable, Net

Accounts receivable, net, primarily consists of amounts for goods and services that are billed and currently due from customers. Accounts receivable balances are presented net of an allowance for credit losses, which is an estimate of billed amounts that may not be collectible. In determining the amount of the allowance at each reporting date, management makes judgments about general economic conditions, historical write-off experience, and any specific risks identified in customer collection matters, including the aging of unpaid accounts receivable and changes in customer financial conditions. Accounts receivable balances are written off after all means of collection are exhausted and the potential for non-recovery is determined to be probable. Adjustments to the allowance for credit losses are recorded as general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statements of operations.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customer

Financial instruments that potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk primarily consist of cash, cash equivalents, restricted cash, marketable securities, and accounts receivable. Cash equivalents primarily consist of money market funds with original maturities of three months or less, which are invested primarily with U.S. financial institutions. Cash deposits with financial institutions, including restricted cash, generally exceed federally insured limits. Management believes minimal credit risk exists with respect to these financial institutions and the Company has not experienced any losses on such amounts.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The tables below show customers who account for 10% or more of the Company's total revenues and 10% or more of the Company's accounts receivable for the periods presented:

Revenue

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company's customers that accounted for 10% or more of the total revenue were as follows:

	Three mon June 30		Three months ended June 30, 2022			ths ended 30, 2023	Six months ended June 30, 2022		
(In thousands)	Amount	% of Total Revenue	Amount	% of Total Revenue	Amount	% of Total Revenue	Amount	% of Total Revenue	
Customer A	*	*	\$ 4,835	25.0%	\$ 627	5.8%	\$ 8,628	19.0%	
Customer C	*	*	*	*	*	*	\$ 6,146	13.6%	

^{*} Customer revenue, as a percentage of total revenue, was less than 10%

Accounts Receivable, Net

As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's customers that accounted for 10% or more of the total accounts receivable, net, were as follows:

		As of June 30, 2023			As of Decemb	ber 31, 2022
(In thousands)	Ā	Amount	% of Total Accounts Receivable		Amount	% of Total Accounts Receivable
Company Customer Number - 10888-1	\$	189	14.0%		*	*
Company Customer Number – 15095	\$	718	53.3%	\$	352	32.9%
Company Customer Number - 16491		*	*	\$	123	11.5%
Company Customer Number - 10888		*	*	\$	251	23.5%

Customer accounts receivable, as a percentage of total accounts receivable, was less than 10%

Inventories

The Company values all its inventories, which consist primarily of significant raw material hardware components, at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost principally determined by the weighted-average cost method on a first-in, first-out basis. Write-offs of potentially slow-moving or damaged inventory are recorded through specific identification of obsolete or damaged material. The Company takes physical inventory at least once annually at all inventory locations.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation and amortization expenses are recognized using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset, as follows:

	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Computer and office equipment	2 to 3
Furniture and fixtures	2
Software	3
Vehicles	5
Research and development of laboratory equipment	5
Machinery and equipment	3 to 5
Leased equipment	5 to 13
Trade show assets	3 to 5
Leasehold improvements	Lower of estimated
	useful life or
	remaining lease term

The estimated useful lives of the Company's property and equipment are periodically assessed to determine if changes are appropriate. The Company charges maintenance and repairs to expense as incurred. When the Company retires or disposes of assets, the carrying cost of these assets and related accumulated depreciation or amortization are eliminated from the consolidated balance sheet and any resulting gain or loss are included in the consolidated statements of operations in the period of retirement or disposal.

Costs for capital assets not yet placed into service are capitalized as construction-in-progress and depreciated once placed into service. During construction, costs are accumulated in a construction-in-progress account, with no depreciation. Upon completion, costs are transferred to the appropriate asset account, and depreciation begins when the asset is placed into service.

Goodwill

Goodwill is defined as the excess of cost over the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination. Goodwill is tested for impairment annually, and more frequently if events and circumstances indicate that the asset might be impaired. The Company has determined that it is a single reporting unit for the purpose of conducting the goodwill impairment assessment. A goodwill impairment charge is recorded if the amount by which the Company's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. Factors that could lead to a future impairment include material uncertainties such as a significant reduction in projected revenues, a deterioration of projected financial performance, future acquisitions and/or mergers, and/or a decline in the Company's market value as a result of a significant decline in the Company's stock price.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company identified an impairment-triggering event associated with both a sustained decline in the Company's stock price and associated market capitalization, as well as a second-quarter slowdown in the cannabis industry as a whole. Due to these factors, the Company deemed that there was an impairment to the carrying value of its property and equipment and accordingly performed interim testing as of June 30, 2022.

Based on its interim testing, the Company noted that the carrying value of equity exceeded the calculated fair value by an amount greater than the aggregate value of our goodwill. Accordingly, the Company concluded that the entire carrying value of its goodwill was impaired, resulting in a second-quarter impairment charge of \$54.7 million. Additional information regarding the Company's interim testing on goodwill may be found in Note 7 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Intangible Assets

The Company initially records intangible assets at their estimated fair values and reviews these assets periodically for impairment. Identifiable intangible assets, which consist principally of customer-related acquired assets, acquired and/or developed technology, non-compete agreements, and trade names, are reported net of accumulated amortization, and are being amortized over their estimated useful lives at amortization rates that are proportional to each asset's estimated economic benefit. The Company's intangible assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives of the assets. The Company reviews the carrying value of these intangible assets annually, or more frequently if indicators of impairment are present.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The useful lives are as follows:

Trade names	5 to 7 years
Acquired developed technology	5 to 8 years
Non-compete agreements	5 years
Customer relationships	5 to 8 years
Capitalized website costs	3 to 5 years

In performing the review of the recoverability of intangible assets, the Company considers several factors, including whether there have been significant changes in legal factors or the overall business climate that could affect the underlying value of an asset. The Company also considers whether there is an expectation that the asset will be sold or disposed of before the end of its remaining estimated useful life. If, as the result of examining any of these factors, the Company concludes that the carrying value of the intangible asset exceeds its estimated fair value, the Company recognizes an impairment charge and reduces the carrying value of the asset to its estimated fair value.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company identified an impairment-triggering event associated with both a sustained decline in the Company's stock price and associated market capitalization, as well as a second-quarter slowdown in the cannabis industry as a whole. Due to these factors, the Company deemed that there was an impairment to the carrying value of its property and equipment and accordingly performed interim testing as of June 30, 2022.

Based on its interim testing, the Company noted that the carrying value of equity exceeded the calculated fair value by an amount greater than the aggregate value of our intangible assets. Accordingly, the Company concluded that the entire carrying value of its intangible assets should be impaired, resulting in a second-quarter impairment charge of \$15.2 million. Additional information regarding the Company's interim testing on intangible assets may be found in Note 7 – Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Convertible Notes Payable

The Company evaluates its convertible instruments to determine if those contracts or embedded components of those contracts qualify as derivative financial instruments to be separately accounted for in accordance with ASC Topic 815, Derivatives and Hedging ("ASC 815"). The accounting treatment of derivative financial instruments requires that the Company identify and record certain ECOs, certain variable-share settlement features, and any related freestanding instruments at their fair values as of the inception date of the agreement and at fair value as of each subsequent balance sheet date. Any change in fair value is recorded as non-operating, non-cash income or expense for each reporting period at each balance sheet date. The Company reassesses the classification of its derivative instruments at each balance sheet date. If the classification changes as a result of events during the period, the contract is reclassified as of the date of the event that caused the reclassification. Bifurcated embedded conversion options, variable-share settlement features, and any related freestanding instruments are recorded as a discount to the host instrument which is amortized to interest expense over the life of the respective note using the effective interest method.

If the Company determines that an instrument is not a derivative liability, it then evaluates whether there is a BCF, by comparing the commitment date fair value to the effective current conversion price of the instrument. The Company records a BCF as a debt discount which is amortized to interest expense over the life of the respective note using the effective interest method. BCFs that are contingent upon the occurrence of a future event are recognized when the contingency is resolved.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Warrant Liabilities

The Company does not use derivative instruments to hedge exposures to cash flow, market, or foreign currency risks. The Company evaluates all its financial instruments, including issued private placement stock purchase warrants, to determine if such instruments are derivatives or contain features that qualify as embedded derivatives, pursuant to ASC Topic 480, Distinguishing Liabilities from Equity ("ASC 480") and ASC 815. The Company accounts for warrants as either equity-classified or liability-classified instruments based on an assessment of the warrant's specific terms and applicable authoritative guidance in ASC 480 and ASC 815. Management's assessment considers whether the warrants are freestanding financial instruments pursuant to ASC 480, whether they meet the definition of a liability pursuant to ASC 480, and whether the warrants meet all of the requirements for equity classification under ASC 815, including whether the warrants are indexed to the Company's own Common Stock among other conditions for equity classification.

For issued or modified warrants that meet all of the criteria for equity classification, they are recorded as a component of additional paid-in capital at the time of issuance. For issued or modified warrants that are precluded from equity classification, they are recorded as a liability at their initial fair value on the date of issuance and subject to remeasurement on each balance sheet date with changes in the estimated fair value of the warrants to be recognized as an unrealized gain or loss in the consolidated statements of operations.

On August 18, 2022, the Company reached an agreement with its institutional lender to amend its existing Securities Purchase Agreement and entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement (the "August 2022 Exchange Agreement"). Pursuant to the August 2022 Exchange Agreement, the Company issued a new warrant to purchase 71,139 shares of Common Stock (the "Note Exchange Warrant") and modified an existing warrant (the "SPA Warrant") to purchase up to an aggregate of 34,406 shares of Common Stock. The Company exchanged the SPA Warrant for a new warrant for the same number of underlying shares but with a reduced exercise price (the "Modified Warrants" and, collectively with the Note Exchange Warrant, the "August 2022 Warrants"). Additional information regarding the August 2022 Exchange Agreement and August 2022 Warrants may be found in Note 4 – Fair Value Measures and Note 9 – Debt, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Additionally, on April 18, 2023, the Company undertook a warrant exercise inducement program, which it later cancelled. As a result, the warrant exercise price was reduced from \$13.00 per share to \$3.45 per share.

Debt Issuance Costs and Debt Discount

The Company may record debt issuance costs and/or debt discounts in connection with the issuance of debt. The Company may cover these costs by paying cash or issuing warrants. These costs are amortized to interest expense over the expected life of the debt. If a conversion of the underlying debt occurs, a proportionate share of the unamortized amounts is immediately expensed.

Original Issue Discount

Certain convertible debt issued by the Company, may provide the debt holder with an original issue discount. The Company would record the original issue discount to debt discount, reducing the face amount of the note, and is then amortized to interest expense over the life of the debt.

Leases

The Company determines at the inception of an asset contract if such arrangement is or contains a lease. A contract is or contains a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. The Company classifies leases at the lease commencement date as operating or finance leases and records a right-of-use asset and a lease liability on its consolidated balance sheet for all leases with an initial lease term of greater than 12 months. A lease with an initial term of 12 months or less is not recorded on the balance sheet, but related payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

The Company's asset contracts may contain both lease and non-lease components. Non-lease components may include maintenance, utilities, and other operating costs. The Company combines the lease and non-lease components of fixed costs in its lease arrangements as a single lease component. Variable costs, such as utilities or maintenance costs, are not included in the measurement of right-of-use assets and lease liabilities, but rather are expensed when the event determining the amount of variable consideration to be paid occurs.

Lease liabilities and their corresponding right-of-use assets are recorded based on the present value of future lease payments over the expected lease term. The Company determines the present value of future lease payments by using its estimated secured incremental borrowing rate for that lease term as the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. The Company estimates its secured incremental borrowing rate for each lease based on the rate of interest that the Company would have to pay to borrow an amount equal to the lease payments on a collateralized basis over a similar term.

Certain of the Company's leases include options to extend or terminate the lease. The amounts determined for the Company's right-of-use assets and lease liabilities generally do not assume that renewal options or early-termination provisions, if any, are exercised unless it is reasonably certain that the Company will exercise such options.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue includes amounts collected or billed in excess of revenue that the Company can recognize. The Company recognizes deferred revenue and non-current deferred revenue as the related performance obligation is satisfied. The Company records deferred revenue that will be recognized during the succeeding twelve-month period as a current liability on the consolidated balance sheet.

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash, accounts receivable, accounts payable and accrued expenses. The estimated fair values of accounts receivable and accounts payable approximate their carrying values due to the short-term nature of these instruments.

Stock-Based Compensation

The Company measures all stock options and other stock-based awards granted to employees, directors and consultants based on the fair value on the date of the grant and recognizes compensation expense of those awards, net of estimated forfeitures, over the requisite service period, which is generally the vesting period of the respective award. Historically, the Company has issued stock options to employees, directors and consultants with only service-based vesting conditions and records the expense for these awards using the straight-line method.

The Company classifies stock-based compensation expense in its consolidated statements of operations in the same manner in which the award recipient's payroll costs are classified.

The Company estimates the fair value of each stock option grant on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. Before the IPO, the Company was a private company and therefore lacks company-specific historical and implied volatility information. Therefore, it estimates its expected stock volatility based on the historical volatility of similar publicly-traded companies and expects to continue to do so until such time as it has adequate historical data regarding the volatility of its own traded stock price. The expected term of the Company's stock options has been determined utilizing the "simplified" method for awards that qualify as "plain-vanilla" options. The risk-free interest rate is determined by reference to the U.S. Treasury yield curve in effect at the time of grant of the award for time periods approximately equal to the expected term of the award. The expected dividend yield is based on the fact that the Company has never paid cash dividends and does not expect to pay any cash dividends in the foreseeable future.

Business Combinations

The Company accounts for business acquisitions using the purchase method of accounting, in accordance with which assets acquired and liabilities assumed are recorded at their respective fair values at the acquisition date. The fair value of the consideration paid, including contingent consideration, is assigned to the assets acquired and liabilities assumed based on their respective fair values. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed.

The Company's management exercises significant judgments in determining the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as well as intangibles and their estimated useful lives. Fair value and useful life determinations are based on, among other factors, estimates of future expected cash flows, royalty cost savings and appropriate discount rates used in computing present values. These judgments may materially impact the estimates used in allocating acquisition date fair values to assets acquired and liabilities assumed, as well as the Company's current and future operating results. Actual results may vary from these estimates which may result in adjustments to goodwill and acquisition date fair values of assets and liabilities during a measurement period or upon a final determination of asset and liability fair values, whichever occurs first. Adjustments to the fair value of assets and liabilities made after the end of the measurement period are recorded within the Company's operating results.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For contingent consideration arrangements, the Company recognizes a liability at fair value as of the acquisition date with subsequent fair value adjustments recorded in the consolidated statements of operations. Additional information regarding the Company's contingent consideration arrangements may be found in Note 4 – Fair Value Measures, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Revenue Recognition

Overview

The Company generates revenue from the following sources: (1) equipment sales, (2) providing services and (3) construction contracts.

In accordance with ASC 606 "Revenue Recognition", the Company recognizes revenue from contracts with customers using a five-step model, which is described below:

- identify the customer contract;
- identify performance obligations that are distinct;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to the distinct performance obligations; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied.

Identify the customer contract

A customer contract is generally identified when there is approval and commitment from both the Company and its customer, the rights have been identified, payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and collectability is probable. Specifically, the Company obtains written/electronic signatures on contracts and purchase orders, if said purchase orders are issued in the normal course of business by the customer.

Identify performance obligations that are distinct

A performance obligation is a promise by the Company to provide a distinct good or service or a series of distinct goods or services. A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer, and a company's promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract.

Determine the transaction price

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which the Company expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding sales taxes that are collected on behalf of government agencies.

Allocate the transaction price to distinct performance obligations

The transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices ("SSP") of the goods or services being provided to the customer. The Company's contracts typically contain multiple performance obligations, for which the Company accounts for individual performance obligations separately, if they are distinct. The standalone selling price reflects the price the Company would charge for a specific piece of equipment or service if it was sold separately in similar circumstances and to similar customers.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Recognize revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied

Revenue is recognized when, or as, performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of a promised product or service to a customer.

Significant Judgments

The Company enters into contracts that may include various combinations of equipment, services and construction, which are generally capable of being distinct and accounted for as separate performance obligations. Contracts with customers often include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. Determining whether products and services are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately versus together may require significant judgment. Once the Company determines the performance obligations, it determines the transaction price, which includes estimating the amount of variable consideration to be included in the transaction price, if any. The Company then allocates the transaction price to each performance obligation in the contract based on the SSP. The corresponding revenue is recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied.

Judgment is required to determine the SSP for each distinct performance obligation. The Company determines SSP based on the price at which the performance obligation is sold separately and the methods of estimating SSP under the guidance of ASC 606-10-32-33. If the SSP is not observable through past transactions, the Company estimates the SSP, taking into account available information such as market conditions, expected margins, and internally approved pricing guidelines related to the performance obligations. The Company licenses its SaaS type subscription license, whereby the customer only has a right to access the software over a specified time period. The full value of the contract is recognized ratably over the contractual term of the SaaS subscription, adjusted monthly if tiered pricing is relevant. The Company typically satisfies its performance obligations for equipment sales when equipment is made available for shipment to the customer; for services sales as services are rendered to the customer and for construction contracts both as services are rendered and when the contract is completed.

The Company utilizes the cost-plus margin method to determine the SSP for equipment and build-out services. This method is based on the cost of the services from third parties, plus a reasonable markup that the Company believes is reflective of a market-based reseller margin.

The Company determines the SSP for services in time and materials contracts by observable prices in standalone services arrangements.

The Company estimates variable consideration in the form of royalties, revenue share, monthly fees, and service credits at contract inception and updated at the end of each reporting period if additional information becomes available. Variable consideration is typically not subject to constraint. Changes to variable consideration were not material for the periods presented.

If a contract has payment terms that differ from the timing of revenue recognition, the Company will assess whether the transaction price for those contracts include a significant financing component. The Company has elected the practical expedient that permits an entity to not adjust for the effects of a significant financing component if the Company expects that at the contract inception, the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service, will be one year or less. For those contracts in which the period exceeds the one-year threshold, this assessment, as well as the quantitative estimate of the financing component and its relative significance, requires judgment. Accordingly, the Company imputes interest on such contracts at an agreed-upon interest rate and will present the financing components separately as financial income. For the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, the Company did not have any such financial income.

Payment terms with customers typically require payment 30 days from the invoice date. The Company's agreements with its customers do not provide for any refunds for services or products and therefore no specific reserve for such is maintained. In the infrequent instances where customers raise concern over delivered products or services, the Company has endeavored to remedy the concern and all costs related to such matters have been insignificant in all periods presented.

The Company has elected to treat shipping and handling activities after the customer obtains control of the goods as a fulfillment cost and not as a promised good or service. Accordingly, the Company will accrue all fulfillment costs related to the shipping and handling of consumer goods at the time of shipment. The Company has payment terms with its customers of one year or less and has elected the practical expedient applicable to such contracts not to consider the time value of money. Sales, value add, and other taxes the Company collects concurrent with revenue-producing activities are excluded from revenue.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company receives payment from customers based on specified terms that are generally less than 30 days from the satisfaction of performance obligations. There are no contract assets related to performance under the contract. The difference in the opening and closing balances of the Company's deferred revenue primarily results from the timing difference between the Company's performance and the customer's payment. The Company fulfills obligations under a contract with a customer by transferring products and services in exchange for consideration from the customer. Accounts receivable are recorded when the customer has been billed or the right to consideration is unconditional. The Company recognizes deferred revenue when consideration has been received or an amount of consideration is due from the customer, and the Company has a future obligation to transfer certain proprietary products.

In accordance with ASC 606-10-50-13, the Company is required to include disclosure on its remaining performance obligations as of the end of the current reporting period. Due to the nature of the Company's contracts, these reporting requirements are not applicable. The majority of the Company's remaining contracts meet certain exemptions as defined in ASC 606-10-50-14 through 606-10-50-14A, including (i) performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less and (ii) the right to invoice practical expedient.

The Company generally provides a one-year warranty on its products for materials and workmanship but may provide multiple year warranties as negotiated, and generally transfers to its customers the warranties it receives from its vendors, if any, which generally cover this one-year period. In accordance with ASC 450-20-25, the Company accrues for product warranties when the loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated. The Company maintains a reserve for warranty returns of \$592 thousand and \$553 thousand for June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, respectively. The Company's reserve for warranty returns is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in its consolidated balance sheets. Additional information regarding the Company's warranty reserve may be found in Note 3 – Supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet Information, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Research and Development Costs

The Company expenses research and development costs as incurred. Research and development expenses include payroll, employee benefits and other expenses associated with product development. The Company incurs research and development costs associated with the development and enhancement of both hardware and software products associated with its cultivation and extraction equipment, as well as its SaaS-based software offering, Agrify InsightsTM cultivation software ("Agrify InsightsTM").

Capitalization of Internal Software Development Costs

The Company capitalizes certain software engineering efforts related to the continued development of Agrify InsightsTM under ASC Topic 350-40 The costs incurred in the preliminary stages of development are expensed as incurred as research costs. Once the application has reached the development stage, internal and external costs incurred to develop internal-use software are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software. Maintenance and enhancement costs, including those costs in the post-implementation stages, are typically expensed as incurred, unless such costs relate to substantial upgrades and enhancements to the software that result in added functionality, in which case the costs are capitalized and amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the software. The types of costs capitalized during the application development phase include employee compensation, as well as consulting fees for third-party software developers working on these projects. The estimated useful life of capitalized internal-use software ranges from two to five years.

Income Taxes

The Company accounts for income taxes pursuant to the provisions of ASC Topic 740, Income Taxes, which requires, among other things, an asset and liability approach to calculating deferred income taxes. The asset and liability approach requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is provided to offset any net deferred tax assets for which management believes it is more likely than not that the net deferred tax asset will not be realized.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. In accordance with the guidance of ASC 740-10-25-6, the benefit of a tax position is recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above should be reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination. The Company believes its tax positions are all highly certain of being upheld upon examination. As such, the Company has not recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

The Company recognizes the benefit of a tax position when it is effectively settled. ASC 740-10-25-10, provides guidance on how an entity should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. ASC 740-10-25-10 clarifies that a tax position can be effectively settled upon the completion of an examination by a taxing authority. For tax positions considered effectively settled, the Company recognizes the full amount of the tax benefit.

Net Loss Per Share

The Company presents basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders in conformity with the two-class method required for participating securities. The Company computes basic loss per share by dividing net loss available to Common Stockholders by the weighted-average number of common shares outstanding. Net loss available to Common Stockholders represents net loss attributable to Common Stockholders reduced by the allocation of earnings to participating securities. Losses are not allocated to participating securities as the holders of the participating securities do not have a contractual obligation to share in any losses. Diluted loss per share adjusts basic loss per share for the potentially dilutive impact of stock options and warrants. As the Company has reported losses for all periods presented, all potentially dilutive securities including stock options and warrants, are anti-dilutive, and accordingly, basic net loss per share equals diluted net loss per share.

Net loss per share calculations for all periods have been adjusted to reflect the reverse stock splits effected on October 18, 2022 and July 5, 2023. Net loss per share was calculated based on the weighted-average number of Common Stock outstanding.

Recently Adopted Accounting Pronouncements

In August 2020, the FASB issued ASU No. 2020-06, Debt—Debt with Conversion and Other Options (Subtopic 470-20), and Derivatives and Hedging —Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity (Subtopic 815-40): Accounting for Convertible Instruments and Contracts in an Entity's Own Equity. The amendments in ASU No. 2020-06 simplify the complexity associated with applying GAAP for certain financial instruments with characteristics of liabilities and equity. More specifically, the amendments focus on the guidance for convertible instruments and derivative scope exceptions for contracts in an entity's own equity. ASU 2020-06 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2021, including interim periods within those fiscal years. The adoption of this new accounting guidance had no impact on the Company's consolidated financial position.

In June 2016, the FASB issued ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326), which introduces a new methodology for accounting for credit losses on financial instruments, including available-for-sale debt securities and accounts receivable. The guidance establishes a new "expected loss model" that requires entities to estimate current expected credit losses on financial instruments by using all practical and relevant information. Any expected credit losses are to be reflected as allowances rather than reductions in the amortized cost of available-for-sale debt securities. ASU 2016-13 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022. The Company adopted ASU 2016-13 on January 1, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on these condensed consolidated financial statements.

In October 2021, the FASB issued ASU No. 2021-08, Business Combinations (Topic 606): Accounting for Contract Assets and Contract Liabilities from Contracts with Customers, which requires that an entity recognize and measure contract assets and contract liabilities acquired in a business combination in accordance with Topic 606 as if it had originated the contracts. Generally, this should result in an acquirer recognizing and measuring the acquired contract assets and contract liabilities consistent with how they were recognized and measured in the acquiree's financial statements, if the acquiree prepared financial statements in accordance with GAAP. The amendment in this update is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2022, including interim periods within those fiscal years. Early adoption is permitted, including adoption in an interim period. The Company adopted ASU 2021-08 on January 1, 2023. The adoption of this standard did not have a material impact on these condensed consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Other recent accounting pronouncements did not or are not believed by management to have a material impact on the Company's present or future consolidated financial statements.

Note 2 — Revenue and Deferred Revenue

Revenue

The Company sells its equipment and services to customers under a combination of a contract and purchase order. Equipment revenue includes sales from proprietary products designed and engineered by the Company such as Agrify Vertical Farming Units ("VFUs"), container farms, integrated grow racks, and LED grow lights, and non-proprietary products designed, engineered, and manufactured by third parties such as air cleaning systems and pesticide-free surface protection.

Construction contracts normally provide for payment upon completion of specified work or units of work as identified in the contract. Although there is considerable variation in the terms of these contracts, they are primarily structured as time-and-material contracts. The Company enters into time-and-materials contracts under which the Company is paid for labor and equipment at negotiated hourly billing rates and other expenses, including materials, as incurred at rates agreed to in the contract. The Company uses three main sub-contractors to execute the construction contracts.

The following table provides the Company's revenue disaggregated by the timing of revenue recognition:

	Three months ended June 30,					Six mont Jun		
(In thousands)	2023 20		2022		2023		2022	
Transferred at a point in time	\$	4,583	\$	10,244	\$	9,553	\$	23,018
Transferred over time		483		9,085		1,317		22,332
Total revenue	\$	5,066	\$	19,329	\$	10,870	\$	45,350

In accordance with ASC 606-10-50-13, the Company is required to include disclosure on its remaining performance obligations as of the end of the current reporting period. Due to the nature of the Company's contracts, these reporting requirements are not applicable, because the majority of the Company's remaining contracts meet certain exemptions as defined in ASC 606-10-50-14 through 606-10-50-14A, including (i) performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less and (ii) the right to invoice practical expedient.

Deferred Revenue

Changes in the Company's current deferred revenue balance for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

(In thousands)	Six months ended June 30, 2023		ear ended cember 31, 2022
Deferred revenue – beginning of period	\$	4,112	\$ 3,772
Additions		2,340	13,392
Recognized		(2,859)	(13,052)
Deferred revenue – end of period	\$	3,593	\$ 4,112

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deferred revenue balances primarily consist of customer deposits on the Company's cultivation and extraction solutions equipment. As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, all of the Company's deferred revenue balances were reported as current liabilities in the accompanying consolidated balance sheets.

Note 3 — Supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet Information

Accounts Receivable

(In thousands)

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands) Allowance for doubtful accounts - beginning of period	Six m end Jun 20	e 30 ,	Decer	r ended mber 31,
The changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts consisted of the following:				
Accounts receivable, net	\$	1,348	\$	1,070
Less allowance for doubtful accounts		(4,090)		(4,605)
Accounts receivable, gross	\$	5,438	\$	5,675

June 30,

2023

(542)

27

4,090

December 31,

2022

4,928

(1,510)

4,605

(228)

Bad debt expense was \$362 thousand and \$1.6 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and \$542 thousand and \$1.6 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Prepaid Expenses and Other Current Assets

(Recovery of) Provision for doubtful accounts

Allowance for doubtful accounts - end of period

Write-offs of uncollectible accounts

Other adjustments

Prepaid expenses and other current assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Other receivables, other	\$ 431	\$ 424
Prepaid expenses, other	235	230
Prepaid insurance	1,377	219
Deferred issuance costs, net	_	463
Prepaid software	83	129
Prepaid materials	27	45
Total prepaid expenses and other current assets	\$ 2,153	\$ 1,510

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment, net consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022		
Leasehold improvements	\$	1,171	\$	1,111	
Machinery and equipment		1,060		1,049	
Software		606		606	
Computer and office equipment		651		627	
Leased equipment		5,067		602	
Furniture and fixtures		498		504	
Research and development laboratory equipment		183		260	
Vehicles		136		136	
Trade show assets		78		78	
Total property and equipment, gross		9,450		4,973	
Accumulated depreciation		(3,280)		(2,372)	
Construction in progress		2,953		7,443	
Total property and equipment, net	\$	9,123	\$	10,044	

Depreciation expense for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022 was \$493 thousand and \$438 thousand, respectively, and \$938 thousand and \$817 thousand for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Other Non-Current Assets

Other non-current assets consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)		June 30, 2023	Dec	cember 31, 2022
Security deposits	\$	156	\$	153
Long-term deferred commissions expense	_			173
Total other non-current assets	\$	156	\$	326
	_			

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Accrued Expenses and Other Current Liabilities

Accrued expenses and other current liabilities consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)	J:	June 30, 2023		ember 31, 2022
Accrued acquisition liabilities (1)	\$	2,180	\$	3,502
Sales tax payable (2)		5,927		5,950
Accrued construction costs		1,499		2,669
Compensation related fees		628		2,285
Accrued professional fees		449		313
Accrued warranty expenses		592		553
Accrued consulting fees		3		20
Accrued inventory purchases		80		569
Accrued interest expense		609		240
Financing lease liabilities		142		152
Other current liabilities		_		127
Total accrued expenses and other current liabilities	\$	12,109	\$	16,380

- (1) Accrued acquisition liabilities includes both the contingent consideration and the value of held back Common Stock associated with the 2022 acquisition of Lab Society and the 2021 acquisitions of Precision, Cascade and PurePressure.
- (2) Sales tax payable primarily represents identified sales and use tax liabilities arising from our acquisition of Precision and Cascade. These amounts are included as part of our initial purchase price allocations and are the subject matter of an indemnification claim under the Precision and Cascade acquisition agreement.

Accrued Warranty Costs

The following table summarizes the activity related to the Company's accrued liability for estimated future warranty costs:

(In thousands)	ne 30, 023	December 31, 2022		
Warranty accrual – beginning of period	\$ 553	\$	398	
Liabilities accrued for warranties issued during the period	 39		155	
Warranty accrual – end of period	\$ 592	\$	553	

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 4 — Fair Value Measures

Fair Values of Assets and Liabilities

In accordance with ASC Topic 820 "Fair Value Measurement", the Company measures fair value at the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. In determining fair value, the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability (the inputs) are based on a tiered fair value hierarchy consisting of three levels, as follows:

- Level 1: Observable inputs such as quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets.
- Level 2: Other inputs that are observable directly or indirectly, such as quoted prices for similar instruments in active markets or for similar markets that are not active.
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs for which there is little or no market data which require the Company to develop its own assumptions about how market participants would price the asset or liability.

Valuation techniques for assets and liabilities include methodologies such as the market approach, the income approach or the cost approach, and may use unobservable inputs such as projections, estimates and management's interpretation of current market data. These unobservable inputs are only utilized to the extent that observable inputs are not available or cost-effective to obtain.

At June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the Company's assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

			June 30	_				December 31, 2022								
	 Fair	Value	Measuremen	nts Us	sing Input Ty	pes			Fair	Val	ie Measureme	ents l	Using Input T	ypes		
(In thousands)	Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total		Level 1		Level 2		Level 3		Total	
Assets:		_														
Mutual funds (included in cash and																
cash equivalents)	\$ _	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	33	\$	_	\$	_	\$	33	
Money market funds	4						4						_			
Corporate bonds									427						427	
Total assets	\$ 4	\$		\$		\$	4	\$	460	\$		\$		\$	460	
Liabilities:										_				_		
Warrant liabilities - January 2022																
warrants	_		_		6		6		_		_		4		4	
Warrant liabilities - March 2022																
warrants	_		_		32		32		_		_		34		34	
Warrant liabilities - August 2022																
warrants	_		_		77		77		_		_		93		93	
Warrant liabilities - December 2022																
warrants	 				4,246		4,246			_			5,854		5,854	
Total liabilities	\$ 	\$		\$	4,361	\$	4,361	\$		\$		\$	5,985	\$	5,985	
										_		_		_		

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

The Company has certain financial instruments which consist of cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities, warrant liabilities, and contingent consideration. Fair value information for each of these instruments as well as other balances of the Company are as follows:

- Cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, accrued expenses and deferred revenue liabilities approximate their fair values, based on the short-term nature of these instruments.
- Marketable securities classified as current held-to-maturity securities are recorded at amortized cost, which at June 30, 2023, approximated fair value.
- The Company's deferred consideration was recorded in connection with acquisitions during the six months ended June 30, 2023 and fiscal 2022 using an estimated fair value discount at the time of the transactions. As of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022, the carrying value of the deferred consideration approximated fair value.
- The Company's warrant liabilities are marked-to-market each reporting period with the changes in fair value of warrant liabilities recorded in other income (expense), net in the accompanying consolidated statements of operations until the warrants are exercised. The fair value of the warrant liabilities are estimated using a Black-Scholes option-pricing model.

Marketable Securities

As of June 30, 2023, the Company held investments in municipal bonds and corporate bonds. The municipal and corporate bonds are considered held-to-maturity securities and are recorded at amortized cost in the accompanying consolidated balance sheet. The fair values of these investments were estimated using recently executed transactions and market price quotations. The Company considers current assets as those investments which will mature within the next 12 months including, interest receivable on long-term bonds.

The composition of the Company's marketable securities are as follows:

(In thousands)		June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Current marketable securities:			
Money market funds	\$	4	\$ —
Corporate bonds		_	427
Mutual funds	_		33
	\$	4	\$ 460
	=		
25			

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Contingent Consideration

The Company has classified its net liability for contingent earn-out considerations to the sellers relating to one acquisition completed during the first quarter of 2022 and two acquisitions completed during fiscal 2021. The fair value for the contingent consideration associated with these acquisitions is within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy because the associated fair value is determined using significant unobservable inputs, which included the key assumptions to model future revenue, costs of goods sold and operating expense projections. The company recorded no change in contingent consideration for the six months ended June 30, 2023. The contingent earn-out payments to the sellers for each acquisition are based on the achievement of certain revenue thresholds.

(In thousands)	ear ended eember 31, 2022
Contingent consideration – beginning of period	\$ 6,137
Accrued contingent consideration	1,420
Accretion of contingent consideration	149
Payments made on contingent liabilities	(5,550)
Change in estimated fair value	(2,156)
Contingent consideration – end of period	\$

See below for additional information related to each acquisition's contingent consideration.

Contingent Consideration – PurePressure

The Company, in its review of actual revenue performance as compared to its originally projected revenue estimates, noted that PurePressure's revenue trend is materially below the originally estimated revenue trends incorporated into the Company's original fair value estimates at the time of the acquisition. As a result, the Company has reduced its fair value estimate of achievement for PurePressure's first earn-out period. During the third quarter ended September 30, 2022, the Company reduced the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability associated with PurePressure's first earn-out period by approximately \$602 thousand and their second earn-out by approximately \$170 thousand. As required by ASC Topic 805 Business Combination ("ASC 805"), the change in contingent consideration was recorded as a reduction in operating expenses during the third and fourth quarters of 2022, respectively.

Contingent Consideration - Lab Society

The Company, in its review of actual revenue performance as compared to its originally projected revenue estimates, noted that Lab Society's revenue trend is materially below the originally estimated revenue trends incorporated into the Company's original fair value estimates at the time of the acquisition. As a result, the Company has reduced its fair value estimate of achievement for Lab Society's first earn-out period. During the second quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company reduced the estimated fair value of the contingent consideration liability associated with Lab Society's first earn-out period by approximately \$1.0 million and their second earn-out by approximately \$484 thousand. As required by ASC 805, the change in contingent consideration was recorded as a reduction in operating expenses during the second and fourth quarters of 2022, respectively.

Contingent Consideration - Precision and Cascade

The earn-out period for the potential contingent consideration to be earned by the former members of Precision and Cascade concluded on December 31, 2021. The Company, during the second quarter of 2022, increased the amount of the contingent consideration earned by the former members of Precision and Cascade by approximately \$121 thousand, to reflect the final contingent consideration amount due. This amount was recorded as an increase in operating expenses during the second quarter of 2022. During the period ended December 31, 2022, the Company made the final payment on the contingent consideration of approximately \$5.6 million to the members of Precision and Cascade.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Warrant Liabilities

The estimated fair value of the warrant liabilities on June 30, 2023 is determined using Level 3 inputs. Inherent in a Black-Scholes option-pricing model are assumptions used in calculating the estimated fair values that represent the Company's best estimate. The volatility rate is determined utilizing the Company's own share price and the share price of competitors over time.

However, inherent uncertainties are involved. If factors or assumptions change, the estimated fair values could be materially different.

January 2022 Warrants

The following table summarizes the Company's assumptions used in the valuation as of June 30, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	 As of June 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Stock price	\$ 3.80	\$	6.66
Exercise price	\$ 1,496.00	\$	1,496.00
Expected term (in years)	4.07		4.58
Volatility	126.00%)	98.30%
Discount rate - treasury yield	4.30%)	4.05%

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Level 3 warrant liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

(In thousands)	Mon	ee and Six oths Ended une 30, 2023
Warrant liabilities – beginning of period	\$	4
Change in estimated fair value		3
Warrant liabilities - March 31, 2023		7
Change in estimated fair value		(1)
Warrant liabilities –June 30, 2023	\$	6

March 2022 Warrants

The following table summarizes the Company's assumptions used in the valuation as of June 30, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	 As of June 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Stock price	\$ 3.80	\$	6.66
Exercise price	\$ 430.00	\$	430.00
Expected term (in years)	4.63		5.13
Volatility	124.00%)	97.96%
Discount rate - treasury yield	4.20%)	3.99%

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Level 3 warrant liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

(In thousands)	Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023
Warrant liabilities – beginning of period	\$ 34
Change in estimated fair value	5
Warrant liabilities - March 31, 2023	39
Change in estimated fair value	(7)
Warrant liabilities – June 30, 2023	\$ 32

August 2022 Warrants

The following table summarizes the Company's assumptions used in the valuation as of June 30, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	_	As of June 30, 2023	De	ecember 31, 2022
Stock price	\$	3.80	\$	6.66
Exercise price	\$	246.00	\$	246.00
Expected term (in years)		4.63		5.13
Volatility		124.00%)	97.96%
Discount rate - treasury yield		4.20%)	3.99%

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Level 3 warrant liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

(In thousands)	Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023
Warrant liabilities – beginning of period	\$ 93
Change in estimated fair value	(4)
Warrant liabilities - March 31, 2023	89
Change in estimated fair value	(12)
Warrant liabilities – June 30, 2023	\$ 77

December 2022 Warrants

The following table summarizes the Company's assumptions used in the valuation as of June 30, 2023 and for the year ended December 31, 2022:

		As of June 30, 2023	D	December 31, 2022
Expected term (in years) 4.63 4.98 Volatility 124.00% 98.00%	Stock price	\$ 3.80	\$	6.66
Volatility 124.00% 98.00%	Exercise price	\$ 3.40) \$	13.00
, and the state of	Expected term (in years)	4.60	3	4.98
Discount rate - treasury yield 4.20% 3.99%	Volatility	124.00)%	98.00%
	Discount rate - treasury yield	4.20)%	3.99%

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table sets forth a summary of the changes in the fair value of the Level 3 warrant liabilities for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

(In thousands)	Month Jun	Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023		
Warrant liabilities – beginning of period	\$	5,854		
Change in estimated fair value		(3,493)		
Warrant liabilities - March 31, 2023		2,361		
Change in estimated fair value		1,885		
Warrant liabilities – June 30, 2023	\$	4,246		

Note 5 — Loans Receivable

A portion of the capital raised from the Company's IPO was allocated to launch the Company's TTK Solution program. The TTK Solution is the industry's first-of-its-kind program in which the Company engages with qualified cannabis operators in the early phases of their business plans and provides critical support, typically over a 10-year period, which includes: access to capital for construction costs, the design and build-out of their cultivation and extraction facilities, state-of-the-art cultivation and extraction equipment, subscription to the Company's Agrify InsightsTM, process design, training, implementation, proven grow recipes, product formulations, data analytics, and consumer branding.

On September 15, 2022, the Company provided a notice of default under the term loan agreement between the Company and Bud & Mary's (the "Bud & Mary's TTK Agreement"). On October 5, 2022, Bud & Mary's Cultivation, Inc. (the "Bud & Mary's") filed a complaint in the Superior Court of Massachusetts in Suffolk County naming the Company as defendant. Bud & Mary's is seeking, among other relief, monetary damages in connection with alleged unfair or deceptive trade practices, breach of contract and conversion arising from the Bud & Mary's TTK Agreement. In response, the Company established a reserve of \$14.7 million specifically related to Bud & Mary's. The Company deemed it necessary to fully reserve the \$14.7 million outstanding balance in the third quarter of 2022 due to the current litigation and the uncertainty of the customer's ability to repay the outstanding balance. The Company believes that Bud & Mary's claims have no merit and intends to defend itself vigorously. The Company is taking all necessary steps to pursue repayment from Bud & Mary's and is taking all actions necessary to protect its shareholders' interests.

During the year ended December 31, 2022, the Company established a reserve of approximately \$12.5 million specifically related to Greenstone. Greenstone is a related party because one of the Company's former Agrify Brands employees and its VP of Engineering had a minority ownership. The Company established the reserve based upon its review of Greenstone's financial stability, which would impact collectability, which is primarily the result of unfavorable market conditions within the Colorado market. The Company will continue to monitor the operations of Greenstone in an effort to collect all outstanding receivables but due to the uncertain nature of Greenstone's business at this time the Company has made the decision to place a reserve against the receivables. During the quarter ended June 30, 2023 the Greenstone loan was fully written off against the reserve as a result of the sale of Greenstone to Denver Greens. It was agreed that Denver Greens would not have to pay back Greenstone's Loan.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The breakdown of loans receivable by customer as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

(In thousands)	une 30, 2023	December 31, 2022	
Customer 139	\$ 14,691	\$	14,691
Customer 136	_		12,457
Customer 125	9,012		9,048
Customer 24096	6,769		5,890
Other – Non-TTK Solution (1)	_		3,178
Allowance for doubtful accounts (2)(3)	 (19,215)		(33,050)
Total loan receivable	\$ 11,257	\$	12,214

- (1) The current portion of loan receivable is included within Note 3 Supplemental Consolidated Balance Sheet Information, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.
- (2) The balance was written off at December 31, 2022 due to the cancellation of this TTK Solution project.
- (3) The Company established an allowance for doubtful accounts of approximately \$14.7 million related to Bud & Mary's ongoing litigation. Approximately \$12.5 million relates to Greenstone, which is a related party because one of the Company's former Agrify Brands employees and its VP of Engineering had a minority ownership, consisting of capital advances, accrued interest, and VFUs sales. Approximately \$4.5 million relates to Hannah, and \$1.4 million relates to WhiteCloud.

At this time, the Company is not aware of, nor has it identified any risk or potential performance failure associated with any of its TTK Solution arrangements, other than the noted exceptions of Bud & Mary's TTK Solution and Greenstone TTK Solution, which is a related party, as described above.

The Company analyzed whether any of the above customers are a VIE in accordance with ASC 810 and if so, whether the Company is the primary beneficiary requiring consolidation. Based on the Company's analysis, the Company has determined that Greenstone, which is a related party because one of the Company's former Agrify Brands employees and its VP of Engineering had a minority ownership, is a VIE. As of June 30, 2023, two of the Company's employees own approximately 36.6% of the equity of Greenstone, however, since the Company is not the primary beneficiary and does not hold significant influence over Greenstone business decisions, the Company is not required to consolidate Greenstone.

Note 6 — Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, with cost principally determined by the weighted-average cost method on a first-in, first-out basis. Such costs include the acquisition cost for raw materials and operating supplies. The Company's standard payment terms with suppliers may require making payments in advance of delivery of the Company's products. The Company's prepaid inventory is a short-term, non-interest-bearing asset that is applied to the purchase of products once they are delivered.

Inventory consisted of the following as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2023 \$ 25,059		ember 31, 2022
Raw materials	\$ 25,059	\$	24,960
Prepaid inventory	13,325		15,506
Finished goods	7,651		13,689
Inventory for resale	 5,123		
Inventory, gross	51,158		54,155
Inventory reserves	 (32,422)		(32,759)
Total inventory, net	\$ 18,736	\$	21,396

Inventory Reserves

The Company establishes an inventory reserve for obsolete, slow moving, and defective inventory. The Company calculates inventory reserves for obsolete, slow moving, or defective items as the difference between the cost of inventory and its estimated net realizable value. The reserves are based upon management's expected method of disposition.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Changes in the Company's inventory reserve are as follows:

	Six Months Ended June 30,	Year Ended December 31,
(In thousands)	2023	2022
Inventory reserves – beginning of period	\$ 32,759	\$ 942
(Decrease) increase in inventory reserves	(337)	31,817
Inventory reserves – end of period	\$ 32,422	\$ 32,759

Note 7 — Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net

Intangible assets are initially recorded at fair value and tested periodically for impairment. Goodwill represents the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable tangible and intangible assets acquired and liabilities assumed in a business combination and is tested at least annually for impairment. The Company performs its goodwill impairment testing annually during the fourth quarter, or sooner if indicators or if circumstances were to occur that would more likely than not reduce the fair value of the Company's reporting unit below its carrying amount. The Company would recognize an impairment charge for the amount by which the carrying amount exceeds the reporting unit's fair value, not to exceed the total amount of goodwill.

The Company has concluded that there was an impairment-triggering event during the quarter ended June 30, 2022 that required the Company to perform a detailed analysis of the current carrying value of its goodwill and intangible assets. For goodwill and intangible asset impairment testing purposes, the Company has one reporting unit.

During the quarter ended June 30, 2022, the Company's market capitalization fell below total net assets. In addition, financial performance continued to weaken during the quarter, which was contrary to prior experience. Management reassessed business performance expectations following persistent adverse developments in equity markets, deterioration in the environment in which the Company operates, lower-than-expected sales, and an increase in operating expenses. These indicators, in the aggregate, required impairment testing for goodwill and intangible assets.

Based on the results of this testing, the Company determined that the carrying values of the aggregate value of its goodwill and intangible assets were not recoverable. The Company recorded impairment charges during the second quarter of 2022, representing a full impairment of the carrying value of its goodwill and intangible assets. The Company recorded an impairment charge of approximately \$69.9 million, representing the carrying values of goodwill and intangible assets, which totaled \$54.7 million and \$15.2 million, respectively.

Changes in goodwill consisted of the following:

(In thousands)	Year ended ecember 31, 2022
Goodwill - beginning of period	\$ 50,090
Goodwill acquired during period	4,368
Goodwill purchase accounting adjustment	289
Goodwill impairment loss	 (54,747)
Goodwill - end of period	\$

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Intangible assets, net as of December 31, 2022 were as follows:

Accumulated Amortization and

	Intangible Assets, Gross					Impairment					Intangible Assets, Net						
<i>a</i>		nuary 1,	Retir	ions and ements,	Dec	ember 31,		nuary 1,		Expense and Retirements,	De	cember 31,	Ja	nuary 1,	De	cember 31	1,
(In thousands)		2022	1	net		2022		2022	_	net		2022		2022		2022	
Trade names	\$	2,418	\$	317	\$	2,735	\$	(227)	\$	(2,508)	\$	(2,735)	\$	2,191	\$	-	_
Customer relationships		6,176		713		6,889		(302)		(6,587)		(6,889)		5,874		-	_
Acquired developed																	
technology		4,911		1,432		6,343		(191)		(6,152)		(6,343)		4,720		-	_
Non-compete		1,202		_		1,202		(60)		(1,142)		(1,202)		1,142		-	_
Capitalized website costs		245		<u> </u>		245		(100)		(145)		(245)		145		-	
Total	\$	14,952	\$	2,462	\$	17,414	\$	(880)	\$	(16,534)	\$	(17,414)	\$	14,072	\$		_

Note 8 — Debt

The Company's debt consisted of:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2023		December 31, 2022	
Note payable – Exchange Note	\$	18,509	\$	31,975
PPP Loan		541		656
Navitas loan		_		23
Other notes payable (1)		836		
Total debt		19,886		32,654
Less: unamortized debt discount		690		(3,415)
Total debt, net of debt discount		20,576		29,239
Less: current portion, net of current unamortized debt discount		(1,424)		(28,832)
Long-term debt, net of current	\$	19,152	\$	407

⁽¹⁾ Other notes payable relates to a one-year insurance premium that was financed over nine-months.

Note Payable

Securities Purchase Agreement

On March 14, 2022, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with the Investor, pursuant to which the Company agreed to issue and sell to the Investor, in a private placement transaction, in exchange for the payment by the Investor of \$65.0 million, less applicable expenses, as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement, a senior secured promissory note in an aggregate principal amount of \$65.0 million (the "SPA Note"), and a SPA Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 34,406 shares of Common Stock.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

August 2022 Securities Exchange Agreement

On August 18, 2022, the Company reached an agreement with the Investor to amend its existing senior SPA Note and entered into the August 2022 Exchange Agreement. Pursuant to the August 2022 Exchange Agreement, the Company partially paid \$35.2 million along with approximately \$300 thousand in repayments for other fees under the SPA Note and exchanged the remaining balance of the SPA Note for an Exchange Note with an aggregate original principal amount of \$35.0 million and a new Note Exchange Warrant to purchase 71,139 shares of Common Stock and modified an existing SPA Warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 34,406 shares of Common Stock. The Company exchanged the SPA Warrant for new August 2022 Warrants.

The Exchange Note is a senior secured obligation of the Company and ranks senior to all indebtedness of the Company. The Exchange Note will mature on the three-year anniversary of its issuance (the "Maturity Date") and contains a 9.0% annualized interest rate, with interest to be paid monthly, in cash, beginning September 1, 2022. The principal amount of the Exchange Note will be payable on the Maturity Date, provided that the Investor will be entitled to a cash sweep of 20% of the proceeds received by the Company in connection with any equity financing, which will reduce the outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note.

At any time, the Company may prepay all of the Exchange Note by redemption at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Note plus accrued but unpaid interest. The Investor will also have the option of requiring the Company to redeem the Exchange Note on the one-year or two-year anniversaries of issuance at a price equal to the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest, or if the Company undergoes a fundamental change at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest.

The Exchange Note imposes certain customary affirmative and negative covenants upon the Company, as well as covenants that restrict the Company and its subsidiaries from incurring any additional indebtedness or suffering any liens, subject to specified exceptions, restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries from making certain investments, subject to specified exceptions, restrict the declaration of any dividends or other distributions, subject to specified exceptions, require the Company not to exceed maximum levels of allowable cash spend while the Exchange Note is outstanding, and require the Company to maintain minimum amounts of cash on hand. If an event of default under the Exchange Note occurs, the Investor can elect to redeem the Exchange Note for cash equal to 115% of the then-outstanding principal amount of the Note (or such lesser principal amount accelerated by the Investor), plus accrued and unpaid interest, including default interest, which accrues at a rate per year equal to 15% from the date of a default or event of default.

Until the date the Exchange Note is fully repaid, the Investor has, subject to certain exceptions, the right to participate for up to 30% of any offering of debt, equity (other than an offering of solely Common Stock), or equity-linked securities, including without limitation any debt, preferred stock or other instrument or security, of the Company or its subsidiaries.

The Modified Warrant has an exercise price of \$430.00 per share, subject to adjustment for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions, will be exercisable on and after the six-month anniversary of issuance, have a term of five and one-half years from the date of issuance and will be exercisable on a cash basis, unless there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the Modified Warrant (the "Modified Warrant Shares") or if shareholder approval for the full exercise of the Modified Warrant is not received, in which case the Modified Warrant will also be exercisable on a cashless exercise basis at the Investor's election.

The Note Exchange Warrant has an exercise price of \$246.00 per share, subject to adjustment for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends, and similar transactions, were exercisable upon issuance, and have a term of five and one-half years from the date of issuance and will be exercisable on a cash basis, unless there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrant (the "Note Exchange Warrant Shares" and, together with the Modified Warrant Shares, the "Exchange Warrant Shares") or if shareholder approval for the full exercise of the Note Exchange Warrant is not received, in which case the Note Exchange Warrant will also be exercisable on a cashless exercise basis at the Investor's election. Until the Company completed a qualified equity financing of at least \$15.0 million, which requirement was satisfied with sales under the ATM Program, the Note Exchange Warrant's exercise price would have been reduced to the extent the Company issued securities, subject to certain exceptions, for a lower purchase price. The Note Exchange Warrant also prohibited the Company, until following the completion of such qualified equity financing, from issuing warrants with more favorable or preferential terms and/or provisions.

The August 2022 Warrants will each provide that in no event will the number of shares of Common Stock issued upon exercise of such warrant result in the Investor's beneficial ownership exceeding 4.99% of the Company's shares of Common Stock outstanding at the time of exercise (which percentage may be decreased or increased by the Investor, but to no greater than 9.99%, and provided that any increase above 4.99% will not be effective until the sixty-first day after notice of such request by the Investor to increase its beneficial ownership limit has been delivered to the Company).

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Modification of Notes Payable

On March 8, 2023, the Company entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement" or "Second Amendment") with the High Trail Special Situations LLC. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, at closing the Company will prepay approximately \$10.3 million in principal amount under the August 2022 Note and exchange \$10.0 in principal amount of the remaining balance of the August 2022 Note for a new senior secured convertible note (the "Convertible Note") with an original principal amount of \$10.0 million. After the closing of the Exchange Agreement, the August 2022 Note will remain outstanding with a remaining balance of \$11.7 million (the "Modified August 2022 Note" and, collectively with the Convertible Note, the "Notes").

This exchange was deemed to be an extinguishment under ASC 470, as the modified debt added a substantive conversion option that was not inherent in the August 2022 Note. As a result, the Company recognized a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$4,619,846.

Convertible Notes

On March 8, 2023, as a result of the Exchange Agreement, the Company issued a Convertible Note to High Trail Special Situations LLC (the "Lender") with a principal balance of \$10 million. The Convertible Note bears a 9.0% annualized interest rate, with interest to be paid monthly, in cash, beginning April 1, 2023. The principal amount of the Convertible Note will be payable on the Maturity Date, provided that the Lender will be entitled to a cash sweep of 30% of the proceeds of any at-the-market equity offering and 20% of the proceeds received by the Company in connection with any other equity financing, which will reduce the outstanding principal amount under the August 2022 Note or the Convertible Note.

At any time, the Company may prepay all of the Convertible Note by redemption at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest. The Lender will also have the option of requiring the Company to redeem the Convertible Note (i) on August 19, 2023 or August 19, 2024 at a price equal to the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest, provided that the redemption right on August 19, 2023 will not be exercisable if the Company raises at least \$8.0 million in gross proceeds from equity offerings prior to such date, or (ii) if the Company undergoes a fundamental change (as defined below) at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest.

The Convertible Note will impose certain customary affirmative and negative covenants upon the Company, as well as covenants that will (i) restrict the Company and its subsidiaries from incurring any additional indebtedness or suffering any liens, subject to specified exceptions, (ii) restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries from making certain investments, subject to specified exceptions, and (iii) restrict the declaration of any dividends or other distributions, subject to specified exceptions. If an event of default under the Convertible Note occurs, the Lender can elect to redeem the Convertible Note for cash equal to (A) 115% of the then-outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Note (or such lesser principal amount accelerated by the Investor), plus accrued and unpaid interest, including default interest, which accrues at a rate per annum equal to 15% from the date of a default or event of default, or, only in connection with certain events of default, (B) the greater of the amount under clause (A) or the sum of (i) 115% of the product of (a) the conversion rate in effect as of the trading day immediately preceding the date that the Lender delivers a notice of acceleration; (b) the total then outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note (in thousands); and (c) the greater of (1) the highest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") per share of Common Stock occurring during the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading day immediately before the date the Lender delivers such notice and (2) the highest daily VWAP per share of Common Stock occurring during the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading immediately before the date the applicable event of default occurred and (ii) the accrued and unpaid interest on the Convertible Note.

Until the date the Convertible Note is fully repaid, the Lender will have, subject to certain exceptions, the right to participate for up to 30% of any offering of debt, equity (other than an offering of solely Common Stock), or equity-linked securities, including without limitation any debt, preferred stock or other instrument or security, of the Company or its subsidiaries.

If the Lender elects to convert the Convertible Note, the conversion price per share will be \$0.3820, subject to customary adjustments for certain corporate events. The conversion of the Convertible Note will be subject to certain customary conditions. The Convertible Note may not be converted into shares of Common Stock if such conversion would result in the Lender and its affiliates owning an aggregate of in excess of 4.99% of the then-outstanding shares of Common Stock, provided that upon 61 days' notice, such ownership limitation may be adjusted by the Lender, but in any case, to no greater than 9.99%.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company evaluated the embedded features in accordance with ASC 815-15-25 and the determined embedded features are not required to be bifurcated and separately measured at fair value.

Interest expense related to the Convertible Notes described above was \$609,001 for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Accrued interest totaled \$136,913 as of June 30, 2023.

Notes Conversion

Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement the Company entered into with High Trail Special Situations LLC on March 8, 2023, the Lender elected on April 26, 2023, to convert \$1.6 million of the remaining outstanding principal amount on the Convertible Note for 153,617 shares of Common Stock of the Company.

On May 1, 2023, the Company entered into a letter agreement with the above referenced accredited Lender (the "Letter Agreement"), pursuant to which the Company and the Lender agreed to exchange or redeem \$2.0 million of the remaining outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note for a total of 445,196 shares of Common Stock of the Company, subject to a Beneficial Ownership Limitation of 4.99% of the Company's Common Stock. Due to the Beneficial Ownership Limitation of 4.99%, a total of 69,568 shares of Common Stock of the Company were issued to the Lender, with the remaining 375,629 shares held in abeyance until the balance (or portion thereof) may be issued in compliance with such limitations. As a result, the Company recognized a loss on the of \$11,609.

The following table summarizes the short-term and long-term portions of the Exchange Note as of June 30, 2023:

					N	otes
(In thousands)	Shor	Short-Term		rm Long-Term		ble, net
Principal	\$			18,509		18,509
Unamortized discount		310		380		690
Net carrying amount	\$	310	\$	18,889	\$	19,199

As of June 30, 2023, future minimum payments were as follows:

Years	ending	December	31	(In	thousands),

reary chaing becomes of (in thousands);	_	
Remaining 2023	\$	970
2024		287
2025		18,629
Total future payments	\$	19,886

Paycheck Protection Program Loan

Paycheck Protection Program Loans under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act

In May 2020, the Company entered into a PPP Loan with Bank of America pursuant to the PPP under the CARES Act administered by the SBA.

The Company received total proceeds of approximately \$779 thousand from the unsecured PPP Loan, which was originally scheduled to mature on May 7, 2022. The Company applied for forgiveness on the \$779 thousand of PPP loan, but forgiveness was denied by the SBA. On June 23, 2022, the Company received a letter from Bank of America agreeing to extend the maturity date to May 7, 2025 and the loan bears interest at a rate of 1.00% per year. The PPP loan is payable in 34 equal combined monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$24 thousand that commenced on August 7, 2022.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The breakdown of PPP Loan balances by current and non-current as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance Sheet	June 3		December 3		
(In thousands)	Location	2023		2	2022	
PPP Loan, current	Long-term debt, current	\$	281	\$	255	
PPP Loan, non-current	Long-term debt		260		401	
Total PPP Loan outstanding		\$	541	\$	656	

Note 9 — Leases

The determination if any arrangement contained a lease at its inception was done based on whether or not the Company has the right to control the asset during the contract period. The lease term was determined assuming the exercise of options that were reasonably certain to occur. Leases with a lease term of 12 months or less at inception were not reflected in the Company's balance sheet and those lease costs are expensed on a straight-line basis over the respective term. Leases with a term greater than 12 months were reflected as non-current right-of-use assets and current and non-current lease liabilities in the Company's consolidated balance sheets.

As the implicit interest rate in its leases was generally not known, the Company's used its incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for purposes of determining the present value of its lease liabilities. At June 30, 2023, the Company's weighted-average discount rate utilized for its leases was 7.33%.

When a contract contained lease and non-lease elements, both were accounted for as a single lease component.

The Company had several non-cancelable finance leases for machinery and equipment. The Company's finance leases have remaining lease terms of one year to five years.

The Company had several non-cancelable operating leases for corporate offices, warehouses, showrooms, research and development facilities and vehicles. The Company's leases have remaining lease terms of one year to five years, some of which include options to extend. Some leases include payment for common area maintenance associated with the property.

The Company had several non-cancellable operating leases for corporate offices, warehouses, showrooms, research and development facilities and vehicles. The Company's leases have remaining lease terms of one year to five years, some of which include options to extend. Some leases include payment for communal area maintenance associated with the property.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Additional information on the Company's operating and financing lease activity was as follows:

						months ended June 30,			
(In thousands)		2	2023	2	022	2	2023		2022
Operating lease cost		\$	248	\$	291	\$	504	\$	536
Finance lease cost:									
Amortization of right-of-use assets			46		46		91		94
Interest on lease liabilities			5		9		11		18
Total lease cost		\$	299	\$	346	\$	606	\$	648
							e 30, 123		mber 31,
Weighted-average remaining lease term – operating leases	S					3.:	29 years	3	.59 years
Weighted-average remaining lease term – finance leases						1.9	94 years	2	.30 years
Weighted-average discount rate – operating leases							7.40%		6.76%
Weighted-average discount rate – finance leases							7.81%		7.83%
(In thousands)		Balance Sheet Location					ne 30, 2023		mber 31, 2022
Assets									
Right-of-use assets, net	Right-of-u	se, net				\$	2,359	\$	2,210
Finance lease assets	Property a	nd equipment,	net				602		261
Liabilities									
Operating lease liabilities, current	Operating	lease liabilities	s, current				831		734
Operating lease liabilities, non-current	Operating	lease liabilities	s, non-curr	ent			1,703		1,587
Total operating lease liabilities						\$	2,533	\$	2,321
Finance lease liabilities, current	Accrued ex	openses and ot	her current	t liabilitie	es		142		152
Finance lease liabilities, non-current		current liabilit					86		147
Total finance lease liabilities						\$	228	\$	299
Maturities of operating and finance lease liabilities as	of June 30, 2023	are as follow	s:						
Years ending December 31 (In thousands),							ing lease		nce lease
Remaining 2023						\$	494	\$	89
2024							861		91
2025							748		50
2026							560		16
2027							202		
Total minimum lease payments							2,865		246
Less imputed interest							(331)		(18)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 10 — Stockholders' Equity

On July 11, 2022, the Company increased its authorized number of shares to 8,000,000, consisting of: 5,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share and 3,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share. On January 9, 2020, the Company designated 105,000 shares of the 3,000,000 authorized shares of Preferred Stock, as Series A Convertible Preferred Stock ("Series A Preferred Stock").

On March 1, 2023, the Company further increased its authorized number of shares to 13,000,000, consisting of: 10,000,000 shares of Common Stock, par value \$0.001 per share and 3,000,000 shares of preferred stock, par value \$0.001 per share.

Private Placement

On January 25, 2022, the Company entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Agreement") with an institutional investor and other accredited investors for the sale by the Company of 12,253 shares (the "SA Shares") of Common Stock, pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded Warrants") to purchase up to an aggregate of 7,853 shares of Common Stock and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 15,079 shares of Common Stock (the "Common Warrants" and, collectively with the Pre-Funded Warrants, the "SA Warrants"), in a private placement offering. The combined purchase price for one share of Common Stock (or one Pre-Funded Warrant) and the accompanying fraction of a Common Warrant was \$1,360.00 per share.

Subject to certain ownership limitations, the SA Warrants are exercisable six months from issuance. Each Pre-Funded Warrant was exercisable into one share of Common Stock (as adjusted from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof). Each Common Warrant is exercisable into one share of Common Stock at a price per share of \$1,496.00 (as adjusted from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof) and will expire on the fifth anniversary of the initial exercise date. The institutional investor that received the Pre-Funded Warrants fully exercised such warrants in March 2022.

Raymond Chang, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") of the Company, and Stuart Wilcox, who formerly served as our Chief Operating Officer, and at the time he was a member of the Company's Board of Directors, participated in the private placement on essentially the same terms as other investors, except for having a combined purchase price of \$1,380.00 per share.

The gross proceeds to the Company from the private placement were approximately \$27.3 million, before deducting the placement agent's fees and other offering expenses, and excluding the proceeds, if any, from the exercise of the SA Warrants.

Issuance of Common Stock in Connection with Acquisitions

On October 1, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 3,332 shares of its Common Stock to the Precision and Cascade shareholders in connection with the Company's acquisition of Precision and Cascade. On August 17, 2022, the Company issued an additional 435 shares of its Common Stock to the Precision and Cascade shareholders for contingent liabilities.

On December 31, 2021, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,202 shares of its Common Stock to the PurePressure shareholders in connection with the Company's acquisition of PurePressure. On January 31, 2023, the remaining 372 Holdback Buyer Shares were released, including 6 Holdback Buyer Shares that were withheld to cover a tax indemnification claim in accordance with the Purchase Agreement. Additional information regarding the PurePressure Holdback Buyer Shares may be found in Note 8 – Business Combinations, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

On February 1, 2022, the Company issued an aggregate of 1,491 shares of its Common Stock to the Lab Society shareholders in connection with the Company's acquisition of Lab Society. On April 28, 2023, the Company issued the remaining 499 Holdback Buyer Shares to the Lab Society Owners in accordance with the Lab Society Merger Agreement.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

At The Marketing Offering

On October 18, 2022, the Company entered into the ATM Program with the Agent pursuant to which it may issue and sell, from time to time, shares of its Common Stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50 million, depending on market demand, with the Agent acting as an agent for sales. The ATM Program allowed the Company to sell shares of Common Stock pursuant to specific parameters defined by the Company as well as those defined by the SEC and the ATM Program agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the Company sold 306,628 shares of Common Stock, under the ATM at an average price of \$50.85 per share, resulting in gross proceeds of \$15.6 million, and net proceeds of \$15.0 million after commissions and fees to the Agent totaling \$468 thousand and legal fees totaling \$75 thousand. \$3.0 million of the proceeds under the ATM Program were used to repay amounts due to the Investor under the Exchange Note. The Company used net proceeds generated from the ATM Program for working capital and general corporate purposes, including repayment of indebtedness, funding its transformation initiatives and product category expansion efforts and capital expenditures. Due to the late filing of this Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company is no longer eligible to utilize the registration statement on Form S-3 relating to the ATM Program, and does not anticipate any further sales under the ATM Program in the foreseeable future.

Confidentially Marketed Public Offering

On December 16, 2022, the Company issued 594,232 shares of its Common Stock, Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants to purchase 75,000 shares of its Common Stock and accompanying December 2022 Warrants to purchase 1,338,471 shares of the Company's Common Stock. The Company received net proceeds from the Offering of approximately \$8.2 million, after deducting underwriting discounts and commissions and estimated expenses. The Company intends to use the net proceeds from the Offering, together with its existing cash resources, for working capital and general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures and repayment of debt.

The Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants were exercisable immediately upon issuance at an exercise price of \$0.001 per share and do not have an expiration date. The December 2022 Warrants were exercisable immediately and have a term of exercise equal to five years from the initial exercise date at an exercise price of \$13.00 per share. The offering price for the securities was \$13.00 per share (or \$12.98 for each Pre-Funded 2022 Warrant).

The December 2022 Warrants may not be exercised by the holder to the extent that the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own, after such exercise more than 4.99% of the shares of the Company's Common Stock then outstanding (subject to the right of the holder to increase or decrease such beneficial ownership limitation upon notice to the Company, provided that such limitation cannot exceed 9.99%) and provided that any increase in the beneficial ownership limitation shall not be effective until the sixty-first day after such notice is delivered.

The Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants were classified as a component of permanent equity and the December 2022 Warrants were liability-classified and were recorded at the issuance date using a relative fair value allocation method. The Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants are equity-classified because they are freestanding financial instruments that are legally detachable and separately exercisable from the equity instruments, are immediately exercisable, and permit the holders to receive a fixed number of shares of Common Stock upon exercise. In addition, such warrants do not provide any guarantee of value or return. The December 2022 Warrants are liability-classified as there is a volatility floor and these warrants are not indexed to the Company's own stock.

As of December 31, 2022, the Company valued the December 2022 Warrants using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model and determined the fair value at \$5.9 million. The key inputs to the valuation model included the annualized volatility of 98.0% and the expected term of about 5 years.

Raymond Chang, Chairman and CEO, participated in the Offering and purchased 115,385 shares of Common Stock and 230,769 December 2022 Warrants for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.5 million.

Additional information regarding the Company's December 2022 Warrants may be found in Note 1 – Overview, Basis of Presentation, and Significant Accounting Policies and Note 4 – Fair Value Measures, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 11 — Stock-Based Compensation and Employee Benefit Plans

2022 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan

On April 29, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors, and on June 8, 2022, the Company's stockholders, adopted and approved the 2022 Omnibus Equity Incentive Plan (the "2022 Plan"), which replaced the 2020 Stock Option Plan (the "2020 Plan"). The 2022 Plan provides for the grant of stock options, stock appreciation right awards, performance share awards, restricted stock awards, restricted stock unit awards, other stock-based awards and cash-based awards. The aggregate number of shares of Common Stock that may be reserved and available for grant and issuance under the 2022 Plan is 26,483 shares, which includes the 10,000 shares authorized under the 2022 Plan, plus the rollover of 16,483 issued and outstanding awards under the 2020 Plan. Shares will be deemed to have been issued under the 2022 Plan solely to the extent actually issued and delivered pursuant to an award. If any award granted under the 2020 Plan or the 2022 Plan expires, is canceled, terminates unexercised or is forfeited, the number of shares subject thereto is again available for grant under the 2022 Plan. The 2022 Plan shall continue in effect, unless sooner terminated, until the tenth anniversary of the date on which it is adopted by the Board of Directors. As of June 30, 2023, there were 13,008 shares of Common Stock available to be granted under the Company's 2022 Plan.

The Company's stock compensation expense was \$0.8 million and \$0.9 million for the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The Company's stock compensation expense was \$1.6 million and \$1.9 million for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Stock Options

Stock options granted under the Company's 2022 Plan are generally non-qualified and are granted with an exercise price equal to the market price of the Company's Common Stock on the date of grant. The fair value of each option grant was estimated on the date of the grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. This model incorporates certain assumptions for inputs including a risk-free market interest rate, expected dividend yield of the underlying Common Stock, expected option life, and expected volatility in the market value of the underlying Common Stock. No stock options were granted during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022.

The Black-Scholes option-pricing model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. The risk-free interest rate is based upon quoted market yields for United States Treasury debt securities with a term similar to the expected term. The expected dividend yield is based upon the Company's history of having never issued a dividend and management's current expectation of future action surrounding dividends. The Company calculates the expected volatility of the stock price based on the corresponding volatility of the Company's peer group stock price for a period consistent with the underlying instrument's expected term. The expected lives for such grants were based on the simplified method for employees and directors.

In arriving at stock-based compensation expense, the Company estimates the number of stock-based awards that will be forfeited due to employee turnover. The Company's forfeiture assumption is based primarily on its employee turnover historical experience. If the actual forfeiture rate is higher than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment will be made to increase the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in a decrease to the expense recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements. If the actual forfeiture rate is lower than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment will be made to lower the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in an increase to expense recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements. The expense the Company recognizes in future periods will be affected by changes in the estimated forfeiture rate and may differ significantly from amounts recognized in the current period.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The following table presents option activity under the Company's stock option plans for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023:

	Weighted-					
	Number of Average		Aggre	egate		
(In thousands, except share and per share data)	Options Exercise Price		Options Exercise Price		Intrinsi	c Value
Options outstanding at January 1, 2023	13,439	\$	1,518.05	\$		
Granted	_					
Exercised	(104)		6.67			
Forfeited	(260)		_			
Expired	(67)		699.97			
Options outstanding at June 30, 2023	13,008	\$	1,564.69	\$	_	
Options vested and exercisable as of June 30, 2023	10,969	\$	1,404.60			
Options vested and expected to vest as of June 30, 2023	12,124	\$	1,498.89			

As of June 30, 2023, total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested options under the Company's 2022 Plan was \$1.9 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 0.71 years.

The following table summarizes information about options vested and exercisable at June 30, 2023:

	Options Vested and Exercisable							
		Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life		Weighted-Average				
 Price (\$)	Number of Options	(Years)		Exercise Price				
\$ 456.00	3,758	5.63	\$	456.00				
\$ 972.00	3518	5.54	\$	972.00				
\$ 1,536.00	21	6.63	\$	1,536.00				
\$ 1,840.00	125	8.51	\$	1,840.00				
\$ 2,768.00	3547	7.15	\$	2,768.00				

The following table summarizes information about options expected to vest after June 30, 2023:

_	Options Vested and Expected to Vest							
Price (\$)	Number of Options	Weighted-Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)		Weighted-Average Exercise Price				
456.00	3,758	5.63	\$	456.00				
972.00	3,565	5.54	\$	972.00				
1,536.00	50	6.63	\$	1,536.00				
1,840.00	250	8.51	\$	1,840.00				
2,768.00	4,500	7.15	\$	2,768.00				

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Restricted Stock Units

Under the 2022 Plan, the Company may grant restricted stock units to employees, directors and officers. The restricted stock units granted generally vest equally over periods ranging from one to three years. The fair value of restricted stock units is determined based on the closing market price of the Company's Common Stock on the date of grant. Compensation expense related to the restricted stock units is recognized using a straight-line attribution method over the vesting period.

	Number of Shares	A Gran	eighted- werage t Date Fair Value
Unvested at December 31, 2022	7,691	\$	230.75
Granted	_		_
Vested	(17)		230.80
Forfeited	(3,100)		230.80
Unvested at June 30, 2023	4,574	\$	230.80

As of June 30, 2023, total unrecognized compensation expense related to unvested restricted stock units was \$1.0 million, which is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of 2.11 years.

2022 Employee Stock Purchase Plan

On April 29, 2022, the Company's Board of Directors, and on June 8, 2022, the Company's stockholders, adopted and approved the 2022 Employee Stock Purchase Plan ("ESPP"). The Company has initially reserved 2,500 shares of Common Stock for issuance under the ESPP. On June 30, 2023, 2,500 shares were available for future issuance.

Under the ESPP, eligible employees are granted options to purchase shares of Common Stock at the lower of 85% of the fair market value of the stock at the time of grant or 85% of the fair market value at the time of exercise. Options to purchase shares are granted twice yearly on or about August 1 and February 1 and are exercisable on or about the succeeding January 31 and July 31, respectively, of each year. No participant may purchase more than \$25 thousand worth of Common Stock annually. No Common Stock was granted under the 2022 ESPP during the three and six months ended June 30, 2023.

Employee Benefit Plan

The Company maintains an employee's savings and retirement plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code (the "401(k) Plan"). All full-time U.S. employees become eligible to participate in the 401(k) Plan. The Company's contribution to the 401(k) Plan is discretionary. During the three months and six months ended June 30, 2023, the Company did not contribute to the 401(k) Plan.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 12 — Stock Warrants

The following tables present all warrant activity of the Company for the six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Number of Warrants	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2022	1,530,001	\$ 38.07
Granted	_	_
Exercised	(35,000)	
Warrants outstanding at June 30, 2023	1,495,001	\$ 38.91
	Number of Warrants	Weighted- Average Exercise Price
Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2021		Average
Warrants outstanding at December 31, 2021 Granted	Warrants	Average Exercise Price
	Warrants 1,358	Average Exercise Price \$ 4.00

The Company received proceeds from the exercise of warrants of \$0 for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, and \$1 thousand and \$2 thousand for the three and six months ended June 30, 2022, respectively.

Modification to December 2022 Warrants

On April 19, 2023, the Company entered into an agreement to reduce the exercise price for its December 2022 Warrants from approximately \$13 to approximately \$3.4 and had entered into agreements with certain holders of the December 2022 Warrants to exercise such warrants for gross proceeds of up to \$1.84 million (the "Warrant Inducement").

On April 24, 2023, the Company announced that it would not consummate the Warrant Inducement, however the reduction of the exercise price remained effective.

Note 13 — Income Taxes

The Company's quarterly provision for income taxes is measured using an annual effective tax rate, adjusted for discrete items within the period presented. To determine the annual effective tax rate, the Company estimates both the total income (loss) before income taxes for the full year and the jurisdictions in which that income (loss) is subject to tax. The actual effective tax rate for the full year may differ from these estimates if income (loss) before income taxes is greater than or less than what was estimated or if the allocation of income (loss) to jurisdictions in which it is taxed is different from the estimated allocations.

The provision for income taxes represents Federal and state and local income taxes. The effective rate differs from statutory rates due to the effect of certain nondeductible expenses. Our effective tax rate will change from quarter to quarter based on recurring and non-recurring factors including, but not limited to, the geographical mix of earnings, enacted tax legislation, and state and local income taxes. In addition, changes in judgment from the evaluation of new information resulting in the recognition de-recognition or re-measurement of a tax position taken in a prior annual period is recognized separately in the quarter of the change.

Tax contingencies are recorded, if needed, to address potential exposure involving tax positions the Company has taken that could be challenged by tax authorities. These potential exposures could result from applications of various statutes, rules, regulations and interpretations. Any estimates of tax contingencies contain assumptions and judgments about potential actions by taxing jurisdictions. Any interest and penalties related to uncertain tax positions would be included as part of the income tax provision. The Company's conclusions regarding uncertain tax positions may be subject to review and adjustment at a later date based upon ongoing analysis of or changes in tax laws, regulations and interpretations thereof as well as other factors.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 14 — Net Loss Per Share

Net loss per share calculations for all periods have been adjusted to reflect the Company's reverse stock splits. Net loss per share was calculated based on the weighted-average number of the Company's Common Stock outstanding.

Basic net loss per share is calculated using the weighted-average number of Common Stock outstanding during the periods. Diluted net loss per share is computed by giving effect to all potential shares of Common Stock, including outstanding stock options, stock related to unvested restricted stock units, and outstanding warrants to the extent dilutive. Net loss per share, assuming dilution, is equal to basic net loss per share because the effect of dilutive securities outstanding during the periods, including options and warrants computed using the treasury stock method, is anti-dilutive.

The components of basic and diluted net loss per share were as follows:

	Three months ended June 30,			Six months ended June				
(In thousands, except share and per share data)		2023		2022		2023		2022
Numerator:								
Net loss attributable to Agrify Corporation	\$	(6,805)	\$	(74,604)	\$	(17,132)	\$	(72,824)
Denominator:								
Weighted-average common shares outstanding – basic		1,549,669		132,911		1,312,299		127,956
Net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders – basic and diluted	\$	(4.39)	\$	(561.31)	\$	(13.05)	\$	(569.13)

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's potential dilutive securities, which include stock options, restricted stock units, and warrants, have been excluded from the computation of diluted net loss per share as the effect would be to reduce the net loss per share. Therefore, the weighted-average number of Common Shares outstanding used to calculate both basic and diluted net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders is the same. The Company excluded the following potential Common Stock equivalents presented based on amounts outstanding at each period end, from the computation of diluted net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders for the periods indicated because including them would have had an anti-dilutive effect:

	Six Months ended June 30, 2023	Six Months ended June 30, 2022
Shares subject to outstanding stock options	10,969	16,455
Shares subject to unvested restricted stock units	4,574	_
Shares subject to outstanding warrants	1,495,001	50,559
	1,510,544	67,014

Note 15 — Commitments and Contingencies

Legal Matters

Bud & Mary's Litigation

On September 15, 2022, the Company provided a notice of default to Bud & Mary's and certain related parties notifying such parties that Bud & Mary's was in default of its obligations under the Bud & Mary TTK Agreement. On October 5, 2022, Bud & Mary's filed a complaint in the Superior Court of Massachusetts in Suffolk County, naming the Company as the defendant. Bud & Mary's is seeking, among other relief, monetary damages in connection with alleged unfair or deceptive trade practices, breach of contract and conversion arising from the Agreement. While the Company believes the claim is without merit and will continue to vigorously defend itself against Bud & Mary's allegations, litigation is inherently unpredictable and there can be no assurance that the Company will prevail in this matter.

During the third quarter of 2022, the Company deemed it necessary to fully reserve for the outstanding \$14.7 million note receivable balance due to the current litigation and the uncertainty of the customer's ability to repay the balance. The \$14.7 million represents the amount of the contingent loss that the Company has determined to be reasonably possible and estimable. The actual cost of resolving this matter may be higher or lower than the amount the Company has reserved.

If the Company is unable to realize revenue from its TTK Solution offerings on a timely basis or at all, or if it incurs an additional loss as a result of the Bud & Mary's claim, the Company's business and financial performance will be adversely affected. On November 14, 2022, the Company filed its answers and affirmative defenses to the Bud & Mary's complaint and counterclaims. The Company is seeking, among other relief, monetary damages in connection with the breach of contract, breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing, unjust enrichment, and enforcement of the guarantees. Bud & Mary's is permitted to file an amended complaint during October 2023, and Agrify will be permitted to make responsive filings, which may include an answer and counterclaim.

Bowdoin Construction Corp. Litigation

On February 22, 2023, Bowdoin Construction Corp. ("Bowdoin") filed a complaint (the "Bowdoin Complaint") in the Superior Court of Massachusetts in Norfolk County naming the Company, Bud & Mary's and certain related parties as defendants, captioned *Bowdoin Construction Corp. v. Agrify Corporation, Bud & Mary's Cultivation, Inc. and BMLC2, LLC*, case no. 2382CV00173. The Bowdoin Complaint relates to a construction contract between Bowdoin and the Company relating to the property that is the subject of the Bud & Mary's Complaint, and alleges breach of contract by Bud & Mary's and by the Company due to nonpayment of approximately \$6.3 million due under the contract and related indemnification claims and mechanics' liens. The Company is entitled to indemnification by Bud & Mary's and intends to vigorously defend this claim.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mack Molding Co.

In December 2020, the Company entered into a five-year supply agreement with Mack Molding Co. ("Mack") pursuant to which Mack will become a key supplier of VFUs. In February 2021, the Company placed a purchase order with Mack amounting to approximately \$5.2 million towards the initial production of VFUs during 2021. Since February 2021, the Company increased the purchase order with Mack to approximately \$26.5 million towards production of VFUs during 2021 and 2022. The Company believed the supply agreement with Mack would provide the Company with increased scaling capabilities and the ability to meet the potential future demand of its customers more efficiently. The supply agreement contemplates that, following an introductory period, the Company will negotiate a minimum percentage of the VFU requirements that the Company will purchase from Mack each year based on the agreed-upon pricing formula. The introductory period is not time-based but rather refers to the production of an initial number of units after which the parties have rights to adjust pricing and negotiate a certain minimum requirements percentage. The Company believed this approach would result in both parties making a more informed decision with respect to the pricing and other terms of the supply agreement with Mack.

On October 11, 2022, the Company received a \$9.4 million invoice from Mack for inventory purchased on the Company's behalf to build VFUs. As part of the terms of the contract manufacturing agreement, Mack had the contractual right to bill the Company for any inventory that had aged greater than nine months. Due to the slowdown in the demand for the VFUs and the lack of a demand forecast that the Company could provide to the vendor, Mack exercised the right to invoice the Company for the slow-moving inventory. As of December 31, 2022, the Company owed Mack \$8.4 million for purchased inventory on behalf of the Company to produce VFUs, which is included in accounts payable in the consolidated balance sheet.

On March 2, 2023, Mack filed an arbitration action seeking the amounts owed to Mack for purchased inventory. On October 27, 2023, and effective as of October 18, 2023, Mack and the Company entered into a Modification and Settlement Agreement with respect to the dispute. See Note 17 – Subsequent Events.

TRC Electronics Litigation

The Company was named as a defendant in a complaint filed by TRC Electronics, Inc. ("TRC") on April 13, 2023 in the United States District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. In the Complaint, TRC asserts two causes of action against the Company: (1) breach of contract, and (2) promissory estoppel. TRC's claims are based on allegations that the Company failed to make payments due under three purchase orders for commercial electronics parts. TRC seeks damages in the amount of \$565,210, plus attorneys' fees, costs, and post-judgment interest. The Company has filed an answer denying liability on TRC's claims and is proceeding with discovery.

Sinclair Scientific Litigation

On June 15, 2023, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary Precision Extraction Newco, LLC ("Precision"), filed an Amended Verified Complaint in the Court of Chancery of the State of Delaware against Sinclair Scientific, LLC ("Sinclair") and certain individual defendants (the "Delaware Action"). The claims filed in the Delaware Action concern various breaches of the Plan of Merger and Equity Purchase Agreement dated September 29, 2021, by and between the Company, Sinclair, Mass2Media, LLC, and certain of their members (the "Merger Agreement"). In response to the Delaware Action, certain of the defendants filed counterclaims for breach of contract and declaratory judgment against the Company and Precision alleging breach of the Merger Agreement. The Company and Precision filed an answer to the counterclaims denying all liability on the claims and discovery in the Delaware Action has recently commenced.

Commitments

Supply Agreement with Mack Molding Co.

In December 2020, the Company entered into a five-year supply agreement with Mack Molding Co. ("Mack") pursuant to which Mack would become a key supplier of VFUs. In February 2021, the Company placed a purchase order with Mack amounting to approximately \$5.2 million towards the initial production of VFUs during 2021. Since February 2021, the Company increased the purchase order with Mack to approximately \$26.5 million towards production of VFUs during 2021 and 2022. The Company believed the supply agreement with Mack would provide the Company with increased scaling capabilities and the ability to meet the potential future demand of its customers more efficiently. The supply agreement contemplates that, following an introductory period, the Company will negotiate a minimum percentage of the VFU requirements that the Company will purchase from Mack each year based on the agreed-upon pricing formula. The introductory period is not time-based but rather refers to the production of an initial number of units, after which the parties have rights to adjust pricing and negotiate a certain minimum requirements percentage. The Company believed this approach would result in both parties making a more informed decision with respect to the pricing and other terms of the supply agreement with Mack.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

On October 11, 2022, the Company received a \$9.4 million invoice from Mack for inventory purchased on the Company's behalf to build VFUs. As part of the terms of the contract manufacturing agreement, Mack had the contractual right to bill the Company for any inventory that had aged greater than nine months. Due to the slowdown in the demand for the VFUs and the lack of a demand forecast that the Company could provide to the vendor, Mack exercised the right to invoice the Company for the slow-moving inventory. As of June 30, 2023, the Company owed Mack \$8.4 million for purchased inventory on behalf of the Company to produce VFUs, which is included in accounts payable in the consolidated balance sheet. On October 27, 2023, and effective as of October 18, 2023, Mack and the Company entered into a Modification and Settlement Agreement with respect to the dispute. See Note 17 – Subsequent Events.

Distribution Agreements with Related Party - Bluezone Products, Inc.

On September 7, 2019, the Company entered into a distribution agreement with Bluezone Products, Inc. ("Bluezone") for distribution rights to the Bluezone products with certain exclusivity rights. The agreement requires minimum purchases amounting to \$480 thousand and \$600 thousand for the first and second contract anniversary years. The agreement auto-renews for successive one-year periods unless earlier terminated. In March 2021, the Company notified Bluezone of the non-renewal of the agreement which means it ended on May 31, 2021. The Company exceeded the minimum purchase amount for the first year and purchased approximately \$309 thousand of the committed \$660 thousand second-year purchases through December 31, 2021. Bluezone is a related party to the Company.

Committed Purchase Agreement with Related Party – 4D Bios, Inc.

On September 18, 2021, the Company entered into an amended purchase agreement with 4D Bios, Inc. ("4D") to secure purchases of horticultural equipment. The original agreement required minimum purchases of between \$577 dollars and \$607 dollars per unit of 4D products until December 31, 2020. The amended agreement requires minimum purchases of \$582 dollars per unit with a final payment of approximately \$864 thousand paid to 4D. 4D is a related party to the Company. The Company settled all outstanding commitments, leaving no open committed purchases as of December 31, 2021.

Committed Purchase Agreement with Related Party - Ora Pharm

In June 2022, the Company entered into an agreement with Ora Pharm ("Ora") pursuant to which Ora will purchase approximately \$1.6 million in equipment from the Company, and Ora may purchase software services from the Company in the future. Stuart Wilcox, the Company's former Chief Operating Officer, is the Chairman of Ora.

Other Commitments and Contingencies

The Company is potentially subject to claims related to various non-income taxes (such as sales, value-added, consumption, and similar taxes) from various tax authorities, including in jurisdictions in which the Company already collects and remits such taxes. If the relevant taxing authorities successfully pursue these claims, the Company could be subject to additional tax liabilities.

Refer to Note 8 – Debt, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements for details of the Company's future minimum debt payments. Refer to Note 9 – Leases, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements for details of the Company's future minimum lease payments under operating and financing lease liabilities. Refer to Note 13 – Income Taxes, included elsewhere in the notes to the consolidated financial statements for information regarding income tax contingencies

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 16 — Related Parties

Some of the officers and directors of the Company are involved in other business activities and may, in the future, become involved in other business opportunities that become available.

The following table describes the net purchasing (sales) activity with entities identified as related parties to the Company:

	Three mon June		Six mont Jun	hs ended e 30,
(In thousands)	2023	2022	2023	2022
Bluezone	\$ 	\$ —	\$ 4	\$ 5
Cannae Policy Group	_	_	_	25
Topline Performance Group	_	38	(1)	70
NEIA	_	(1,129)	(43)	(1,763)
Greenstone Holdings	_	409	(2)	180
Valiant Americas, LLC	_	4.855		9.805

The following table summarizes net related party (payable) receivable as of June 30, 2023 and December 31, 2022:

(In thousands)	June 30, 2023	December 31, 2022
Bluezone	\$ (4	\$ <u> </u>
Valiant Americas, LLC	1	(1)
Living Greens Farm	34	_
Topline Performance Group	_	1

Note 17 — Subsequent Events

The Company evaluated subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the balance sheet date up to the date that the financial statements were issued

Nasdaq Deficiency Notices

On August 16, 2023, the Company received a third notice from Nasdaq that it remain noncompliant with Nasdaq Listing Rule 5250(c)(1) as a result of its failure to file its Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2023 (the "Second Quarter Form 10-Q") with the SEC by the required filing date (the "August Nasdaq Notice" and, together with the April Nasdaq Notice and the May Nasdaq Notice, the "Nasdaq Notices").

The Nasdaq granted the Company an exception until October 16, 2023, to file its 2022 Form 10-K and First and Second Quarter 2023 Forms 10-Q (the "Delayed Reports"). The Nasdaq Notice had no immediate effect on the listing of the Company's Common Stock on The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC.

On October 17, 2023, the Company received the Staff Determination from the Listing Qualifications Department of Nasdaq notifying the Company that it was not in compliance with Nasdaq's continued listing requirements under the Listing Rule as a result of its failure to file the Delinquent Reports in a timely manner. The Company timely requested a hearing before the Nasdaq Hearings Panel (the "Panel"), and the Panel scheduled a hearing for January 11, 2024.

Issuance of Unsecured Promissory Note

On July 12, 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the issuance of a secured promissory note (the "GIC Note") in favor of GIC Acquisition, LLC (the "GIC Investor"), an entity that is managed by Raymond Chang, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, and on October 3, 2023, the Board of Directors of the Company approved the amendment and restatement of the GIC Note as well as the issuance of a new secured promissory note (the "CP Note" and together with the GIC Note, the "Promissory Notes") in favor of CP Acquisitions, LLC (the "CP Investor"), an entity that is partially managed by Mr. Chang. Pursuant to the GIC Note, the GIC Investor has lent \$500,000 to the Company. Pursuant to the CP Note, the CP Investor may lend up to \$3,000,000 to the Company. The Promissory Notes bear interest at a rate of 10% per annum, will mature in full on December 31, 2023, and may be prepaid without any fee or penalty. The Promissory Notes rank junior to all existing secured indebtedness of the Company.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Mack Molding Modification Agreement

On October 27, 2023, and with an effective date as of October 18, 2023, the Company entered into a Modification and Settlement Agreement (the "Modification Agreement") with Mack Molding Company ("Mack"). Pursuant to the Modification Agreement, the Company and Mack agreed to settle an outstanding dispute under the Supply Agreement between the parties dated December 7, 2020 (the "Supply Agreement"). The Modification Agreement requires the Company to make payments of \$500,000 and \$250,000 to Mack on or before November 1, 2023 and February 15, 2024, respectively. The Company has made the first of these two payments in the amount of \$500,000. Following the November 1, 2023 payment, the Company is entitled to take possession of certain Vertical Farming Units ("VFUs") that were assembled under the Supply Agreement. The Modification Agreement also requires the Company to purchase from Mack a minimum of 25 VFUs per quarter for each quarter during 2024 and a minimum of 50 VFUs per quarter for the six quarters beginning with the first quarter of 2025. The Company is required to pay a storage fee of \$25,000 per month for VFUs subject to the Modification Agreement.

Additionally, as part of the Modification Agreement, the Company agreed to issue to Mack a warrant to purchase 750,000 shares of Common Stock. The warrant has an exercise price of \$4.00 per share, was exercisable upon issuance, has a term of three years from the date of issuance, and is exercisable on a cash basis unless at the time of exercise there is no effective registration statement for the resale of the underlying shares, in which case the warrant may be exercised on a cashless exercise basis at Mack's election.

Warrant Issuance

On October 27, 2023, the Company entered into a letter agreement with the holder of the Exchange Note and the Convertible Note. Pursuant to the agreement, the Company agreed to exchange \$3.0 million in principal and approximately \$1.1 million in accrued but unpaid interest outstanding under the Exchange Note to purchase 2,809,669 shares of Common Stock (the "Exchange Warrant"). Additionally, the Company agreed to exchange the 375,629 shares of Common Stock (the "Abeyance Warrant").

Each warrant has an exercise price of \$0.001 per share, was exercisable upon issuance, has a term of five years from the date of issuance and is exercisable on a cash basis or on a cashless exercise basis at the holder's election.

The Exchange Warrant provides that in the event that Raymond Chang or his affiliates acquire securities from the Company, exercise convertible securities or amend the terms of convertible securities at a purchase or conversion price lower than \$1.46, then the number of shares of Common Stock underlying Exchange Warrant will be increased to an amount equal to \$3.0 million divided by such purchase or conversion price, subject to proportional adjustment in the event the Exchange Warrant has been partially exercised. Additionally, in the event that the Company has not issued equity securities in exchange for gross proceeds of at least \$3.0 million to Mr. Chang or his affiliates (subject to certain offsets) by the third calendar day after the date when the Company receives stockholder approval, then on December 26, 2023, the number of shares of Common Stock underlying Exchange Warrant will be increased to an amount equal to \$3.0 million divided by the Minimum Price as defined under Nasdaq listing rules, subject to proportional adjustment in the event the Exchange Warrant has been partially exercised.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Letter Agreement requires that the Company issue equity securities to Mr. Chang or his affiliates for aggregate gross proceeds of at least \$3.0 million, minus any funds advanced by Mr. Chang to the Company since July 1, 2023.

Note Purchase

On October 27, 2023, CP Acquisitions LLC (the "New Lender"), an entity affiliated with and controlled by Raymond Chang, the Company's Chief Executive Officer, purchased the Exchange Note and the Convertible Note from their holder. In connection with the Note Purchase, the New Lender has agreed to waive any events of default under the acquired notes through December 31, 2023 and to enter into an agreement with the Company to extend the maturity date thereon to December 31, 2025.

Note Amendment and Secured Promissory Note

On July 12, 2023, the Company issued an unsecured promissory note (the "Note") in favor of GIC Acquisition, LLC ("GIC"), an entity that is managed by Raymond Chang, the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, with an original principal amount of up to \$500,000. On October 27, 2023, GIC and the Company amended and restated the Note (the "Restated Note"). Pursuant to the terms of the Restated Note, the Maturity Date was extended until December 31, 2023 and the Company granted a security interest in the Company's assets that ranks junior to the Exchange Note and the Convertible Note.

Concurrently with the Restated Note, the Company issued a junior secured promissory note (the "Junior Secured Note") to the New Lender. Pursuant to the Junior Secured Note, the New Lender will lend up to \$3,000,000 to the Company. The Junior Secured Note bears interest at a rate of 10% per annum, will mature in full on December 31, 2023, and may be prepaid without any fee or penalty. The Junior Secured Note is a secured obligation of the Company that ranks junior to the Exchange Note and the Convertible Note.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

The information contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q is intended to update the information contained in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on November 28, 2023 (the "Form 10-K") and presumes that readers have access to, and will have read, the "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" and other information contained in such Form 10-K. The following discussion and analysis also should be read together with our financial statements and the notes to the financial statements included elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

The following discussion contains certain statements that may be deemed "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Such statements appear in a number of places in this Report, including, without limitation, "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations." These statements are not guarantees of future performance and involve risks, uncertainties and requirements that are difficult to predict or are beyond our control. Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of this quarterly report. You should not put undue reliance on any forward-looking statements. We strongly encourage investors to carefully read the risk factors described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K in the section entitled "Risk Factors" for a description of certain risks that could, among other things, cause actual results to differ from these forward-looking statements. We assume no responsibility to update the forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. The following should also be read in conjunction with the unaudited financial statements and notes thereto that appear elsewhere in this report.

Except as otherwise indicated herein or as the context otherwise requires, references in this quarterly report to "we," "us," "our," "Company," and "Agrify" refer to Agrify Corporation, a Nevada corporation.

Overview

We are a developer of proprietary precision hardware and software grow solutions for the indoor commercial agriculture industry and provide equipment and solutions for cultivation, extraction, post-processing, and testing for the cannabis and hemp industries. We believe we are the only company with an automated and fully integrated grow solution in the industry. Our Agrify "Precision ElevatedTM" cultivation solution seamlessly combines our integrated hardware and software offerings with a broad range of associated services including consulting, engineering, and construction and is designed to deliver the most complete commercial indoor farming solution available from a single provider. The totality of our product offerings and service capabilities forms an unrivaled ecosystem in what has historically been a highly fragmented market. As a result, we believe we are well situated to create a dominant market position in the indoor agriculture sector.

Agrify Corporation was incorporated in the state of Nevada on June 6, 2016, originally incorporated as Agrinamics, Inc. (or "Agrinamics"). On September 16, 2019, Agrinamics amended its articles of incorporation to reflect a name change to Agrify Corporation.

Our corporate headquarters are located in Troy, Michigan. We also lease properties located within various geographic regions in which we conduct business, including Colorado, Georgia, Massachusetts, Michigan, and Oregon.

Reverse Stock Splits

On October 18, 2022, the Company effected a 1-for-10 reverse stock split of its Common Stock. All share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split for all periods presented unless otherwise indicated.

On July 5, 2023, the Company effected a 1-for-20 reverse stock split of its Common Stock. All share and per share information has been retroactively adjusted to give effect to the reverse stock split for all periods presented unless otherwise indicated.

Recent Business Developments

Private Placement

On January 25, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Agreement") with an institutional investor and other accredited investors for the sale of 12,253 shares (the "SA Shares") of our Common Stock, pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded Warrants") to purchase up to an aggregate of 7,853 shares of Common Stock and warrants to purchase up to an aggregate of 15,079 shares of Common Stock (the "Common Warrants" and, collectively with the Pre-Funded Warrants, the "SA Warrants"), in a private placement offering. The combined purchase price for one share of Common Stock (or one Pre-Funded Warrant) and the accompanying fraction of a Common Warrant was \$1,360.00 per share.

Subject to certain ownership limitations, the SA Warrants became exercisable six months from issuance. Each Pre-Funded Warrant is exercisable into one share of Common Stock (as adjusted from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof). Each Common Warrant is exercisable into one share of Common Stock at a price per share of \$1,496.00 (as adjusted from time to time in accordance with the terms thereof) and will expire on the fifth anniversary of the initial exercise date. The institutional investor that received the Pre-Funded Warrants fully exercised such warrants in March 2022.

Raymond Chang, our Chairman and Chief Executive Officer ("CEO"), and Stuart Wilcox, who previously served as our Chief Operating Officer, and at the time was a member of our Board of Directors, participated in the private placement on essentially the same terms as other investors, except for having a combined purchase price of \$1,380.00 per share.

The gross proceeds to us from the private placement were approximately \$27.3 million, before deducting the placement agent's fees and other offering expenses.

Acquisition of Lab Society

On February 1, 2022, we entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger (the "Merger Agreement") with LS Holdings Corp. ("Lab Society"), Lab Society NewCo, LLC, a newly-formed wholly-owned subsidiary of us ("Merger Sub"), Michael S. Maibach Jr. as the Owner Representative thereunder, and each of the shareholders of Lab Society (collectively, the "Owners"), pursuant to which we agreed to acquire Lab Society. Concurrently with the execution of the Merger Agreement, we consummated the merger of Lab Society with and into Merger Sub, with Merger Sub surviving such merger as a wholly-owned subsidiary of us (the "Lab Society Acquisition").

The aggregate consideration for the Lab Society Acquisition consisted of \$4.0 million in cash, subject to certain adjustments for working capital, cash and indebtedness of Lab Society at closing; 2,128 shares of Common Stock (the "Buyer Shares"); and the Earn-out Consideration (as defined below), to the extent earned.

We withheld 638 of the Buyer Shares issuable to the Owners (the "Holdback Lab Buyer Shares") for the purpose of securing any post-closing adjustment owed to us and any claim for indemnification or payment of damages to which we may be entitled under the Merger Agreement. During the third quarter of 2022, 139 of the Holdback Lab Buyer Shares were forfeited after the finalization of the net working capital settlement. The remaining 499 Holdback Lab Buyer Shares were released following the twelve-month anniversary of the Closing Date in accordance with and subject to the conditions of the Merger Agreement. Additional information regarding our contingent consideration arrangements may be found in Note 4 – Fair Value Measures, included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements.

The Merger Agreement includes customary post-closing adjustments, representations, and warranties and covenants of the parties. The Owners may become entitled to additional consideration with a value of up to \$3.5 million based on the eligible net revenues achieved by the Lab Society business during the fiscal years ending December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2023, of which 50% will be payable in cash and the remaining 50% will be payable by issuing shares of Common Stock.

The purchase price allocation for the business combination has been prepared on a preliminary basis and changes to those allocations may occur as additional information becomes available during the respective measurement period (up to one year from the acquisition date). The estimated fair value at acquisition is \$7.9 million and may be adjusted upon further review of the values assigned to identifiable intangible assets and goodwill.

Our initial fair value estimates related to the various identified intangible assets were determined under various valuation approaches including the Income Approach, Relief-from-Royalty Method, and Discounted Cash Flow Method. These valuation methods require management to project revenues, operating expenses, working capital investment, capital spending and cash flows for the reporting unit over a multiyear period, as well as determine the weighted-average cost of capital to be used as a discount rate.

We amortize our intangible assets assuming no residual value over periods in which the economic benefit of these assets is consumed.

Securities Purchase Agreement

On March 14, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement (the "Securities Purchase Agreement") with an accredited investor (the "Investor"), we agreed to issue and sell to the Investor, in a private placement transaction, in exchange for the payment by the Investor of \$65 million, less applicable expenses as set forth in the Securities Purchase Agreement, a senior secured promissory note in an aggregate principal amount of \$65 million (the "SPA Note"), and a warrant (the "SPA Warrant") to purchase up to an aggregate of 34,406 shares of Common Stock.

August 2022 Securities Exchange Agreement

On August 18, 2022, we reached an agreement with the Investor to amend its existing SPA Note and entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement (the "August 2022 Exchange Agreement"). Pursuant to the August 2022 Exchange Agreement, we partially paid \$35.2 million along with approximately \$300 thousand in repayments for other fees under the SPA Note and exchanged the remaining balance of the SPA Note for a the Exchange Note with an aggregate original principal amount of \$35.0 million and a new warrant to purchase 71,139 shares of Common Stock (the "Note Exchange Warrant"). Additionally, we exchanged the SPA Warrant for a new warrant for the same number of underlying shares but with a reduced exercise price (the "Modified Warrant" and, collectively with the Note Exchange Warrant, the "August 2022 Warrants"). Additional information regarding our August 2022 Warrants may be found in Note 1 – Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies and Note 4 – Fair Value Measures, included in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements.

The Exchange Note is a senior secured obligation of ours and ranks senior to all indebtedness of ours. The Exchange Note will mature on the three-year anniversary of its issuance (the "Maturity Date") and contains a 9.0% annualized interest rate, with interest to be paid monthly, in cash, beginning September 1, 2022. The principal amount of the Exchange Note will be payable on the Maturity Date, provided that the holder will be entitled to a cash sweep of 20% of the proceeds received by us in connection with any equity financing, which will reduce the outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note.

At any time, we may prepay all of the Exchange Note by redemption at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Note plus accrued but unpaid interest. The holder will also have the option of requiring us to redeem the Exchange Note on the one-year or two-year anniversaries of issuance at a price equal to the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest, or if we undergo a fundamental change at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest.

The Exchange Note imposes certain customary affirmative and negative covenants upon us, as well as covenants that restrict us and our subsidiaries from incurring any additional indebtedness or suffering any liens, subject to specified exceptions, restrict the ability of us and our subsidiaries from making certain investments, subject to specified exceptions, restrict the declaration of any dividends or other distributions, subject to specified exceptions, requires us not to exceed maximum levels of allowable cash spend while the Exchange Note is outstanding, and requires us to maintain minimum amounts of cash on hand. If an event of default under the Exchange Note occurs, the holder can elect to redeem the Exchange Note for cash equal to 115% of the thenoutstanding principal amount of the Note (or such lesser principal amount accelerated by the holder), plus accrued and unpaid interest, including default interest, which accrues at a rate per year equal to 15% from the date of a default or event of default.

Until the date the Exchange Note is fully repaid, the holder has, subject to certain exceptions, the right to participate for up to 30% of any offering of debt, equity (other than an offering of solely Common Stock), or equity-linked securities, including without limitation any debt, preferred stock or other instrument or security, of us or our subsidiaries.

The Modified Warrant has an exercise price of \$430.00 per share, subject to adjustment for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions, will be exercisable on and after the six-month anniversary of issuance, has a term of five and one-half years from the date of issuance and will be exercisable on a cash basis, unless there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the Modified Warrant (the "Modified Warrant Shares"), in which case the Modified Warrant will also be exercisable on a cashless exercise basis at the holder's election.

The Note Exchange Warrant has an exercise price of \$246.00 per share, subject to adjustment for stock splits, reverse stock splits, stock dividends and similar transactions, was exercisable upon issuance, and has a term of five and one-half years from the date of issuance and is exercisable on a cash basis, unless there is not an effective registration statement covering the resale of the shares issuable upon exercise of the Warrant (the "Note Exchange Warrant Shares" and, together with the Modified Warrant Shares, the "Exchange Warrant Shares"), in which case the Note Exchange Warrant will also be exercisable on a cashless exercise basis at the holder's election. Until we completed a qualified equity financing of at least \$15.0 million, which requirement was satisfied with sales under the at-the-market continuous equity offering ("ATM" or "ATM Program"), the Note Exchange Warrant's exercise price would have been reduced to the extent we issued securities for a lower purchase price. The Note Exchange Warrant also prohibited us, until following the completion of such qualified equity financing, from issuing warrants with more favorable or preferential terms and/or provisions.

The August 2022 Warrants each provide that in no event will the number of shares of Common Stock issued upon exercise of such warrants result in the holder's beneficial ownership exceeding 4.99% of our shares of Common Stock outstanding at the time of exercise (which percentage may be decreased or increased by the holder, but to no greater than 9.99). Additionally, the August 2022 Warrants could not be exercised for more than an aggregate of 26,542 shares of Common Stock unless and until shareholder approval is obtained, which approval was obtained on October 14, 2022.

March 2023 Securities Exchange Agreement

On March 9, 2023 we entered into a senior note with High Trail Special Situations LLC ("Holder") for value received, promises to pay to High Trail Special Situations LLC (the "Initial Holder"), or its registered assigns, the principal sum of ten million dollars (\$10,000,000) (such principal sum, the "Principal Amount") on August 19, 2025, and to pay any outstanding interest thereon, as provided in this note, in each case as provided in and subject to the other provisions of this Note, including the earlier redemption, repurchase or conversion of this Note.

Modification of Notes Payable

On March 8, 2023, the Company entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement (the "Exchange Agreement" or "Second Amendment") with High Trail Special Situations LLC. Pursuant to the Exchange Agreement, at closing the Company will prepay approximately \$10.3 million in principal amount under the August 2022 Note and exchange \$10.0 million in principal amount of the remaining balance of the August 2022 Note for a new senior secured convertible note (the "Convertible Note") with an original principal amount of \$10.0 million. After the closing of the Exchange Agreement, the August 2022 Note will remain outstanding with a remaining balance of \$11.7 million (the "Modified August 2022 Note" and, collectively with the Convertible Note, the "Notes")

This exchange was deemed to be an extinguishment under ASC 470, as the modified debt added a substantive conversion option that was not inherent in the August 2022 Note. As a result, the Company recognized a loss on the extinguishment of debt of \$4.6 million.

Convertible Notes

On March 8, 2023, as a result of the Exchange Agreement, the Company issued a Convertible Note to High Trail Special Situations LLC (the "Lender") with a principal balance of \$10 million. The Convertible Note bears a 9.0% annualized interest rate, with interest to be paid monthly, in cash, beginning April 1, 2023. The principal amount of the Convertible Note will be payable on the Maturity Date, provided that the Lender will be entitled to a cash sweep of 30% of the proceeds of any at-the-market equity offering and 20% of the proceeds received by the Company in connection with any other equity financing, which will reduce the outstanding principal amount under the August 2022 Note or the Convertible Note.

At any time, the Company may prepay all of the Convertible Note by redemption at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest. The Lender will also have the option of requiring the Company to redeem the Convertible Note (i) on August 19, 2023 or August 19, 2024 at a price equal to the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest, provided that the redemption right on August 19, 2023 will not be exercisable if the Company raises at least \$8.0 million in gross proceeds from equity offerings prior to such date, or (ii) if the Company undergoes a fundamental change (as defined below) at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note plus accrued but unpaid interest.

The Convertible Note will impose certain customary affirmative and negative covenants upon the Company, as well as covenants that will (i) restrict the Company and its subsidiaries from incurring any additional indebtedness or suffering any liens, subject to specified exceptions, (ii) restrict the ability of the Company and its subsidiaries from making certain investments, subject to specified exceptions, and (iii) restrict the declaration of any dividends or other distributions, subject to specified exceptions. If an event of default under the Convertible Note occurs, the Lender can elect to redeem the Convertible Note for cash equal to (A) 115% of the then-outstanding principal amount of the Convertible Note (or such lesser principal amount accelerated by the Investor), plus accrued and unpaid interest, including default interest, which accrues at a rate per annum equal to 15% from the date of a default or event of default, or, only in connection with certain events of default, (B) the greater of the amount under clause (A) or the sum of (i) 115% of the product of (a) the conversion rate in effect as of the trading day immediately preceding the date that the Lender delivers a notice of acceleration; (b) the total then outstanding principal amount under the Convertible Note (in thousands); and (c) the greater of (1) the highest daily volume weighted average price ("VWAP") per share of Common Stock occurring during the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading day immediately before the date the Lender delivers such notice and (2) the highest daily VWAP per share of Common Stock occurring during the fifteen consecutive trading days ending on, and including, the trading immediately before the date the applicable event of default occurred and (ii) the accrued and unpaid interest on the Convertible Note.

Until the date the Convertible Note is fully repaid, the Lender will have, subject to certain exceptions, the right to participate for up to 30% of any offering of debt, equity (other than an offering of solely Common Stock), or equity-linked securities, including without limitation any debt, preferred stock or other instrument or security, of the Company or its subsidiaries.

If the Lender elects to convert the Convertible Note, the conversion price per share will be \$0.3820, subject to customary adjustments for certain corporate events. The conversion of the Convertible Note will be subject to certain customary conditions. The Convertible Note may not be converted into shares of Common Stock if such conversion would result in the Lender and its affiliates owning an aggregate of in excess of 4.99% of the then-outstanding shares of Common Stock, provided that upon 61 days' notice, such ownership limitation may be adjusted by the Lender, but in any case, to no greater than 9.99%.

The Company evaluated the embedded features in accordance with ASC 815-15-25 and the determined embedded features are not required to be bifurcated and separately measured at fair value.

Interest expense related to the Convertible Notes described above was \$609,001 for the six months ended June 30, 2023. Accrued interest totaled \$136,913 as of June 30, 2023.

At The Marketing Offering

On October 18, 2022, the Company entered into the ATM Program with the Agent pursuant to which it may issue and sell, from time to time, shares of its Common Stock having an aggregate offering price of up to \$50 million, depending on market demand, with the Agent acting as an agent for sales. The ATM Program allowed the Company to sell shares of Common Stock pursuant to specific parameters defined by the Company as well as those defined by the SEC and the ATM Program agreement. As of December 31, 2022, the Company sold 306,628 shares of Common Stock, under the ATM at an average price of \$50.85 per share, resulting in gross proceeds of \$15.6 million, and net proceeds of \$15.0 million after commissions and fees to the Agent totaling \$468 thousand and legal fees totaling \$75 thousand. \$3.0 million of the proceeds under the ATM Program were used to repay amounts due to the Investor under the Exchange Note. The Company used net proceeds generated from the ATM Program for working capital and general corporate purposes, including repayment of indebtedness, funding its transformation initiatives and product category expansion efforts and capital expenditures. Due to the late filing of the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K, the Company is no longer eligible to utilize the registration statement on Form S-3 relating to the ATM Program, and does not anticipate any further sales under the ATM Program in the foreseeable future.

Confidentially Marketed Public Offering

On December 16, 2022, we entered into an underwriting agreement (the "Underwriting Agreement") with Canaccord Genuity LLC as the underwriter, pursuant to which we agreed to sell an aggregate of 594,232 shares of our Common Stock, and, in lieu of Common Stock to certain investors that so chose, pre-funded warrants (the "Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants") to purchase 75,000 shares of our Common Stock, and accompanying warrants (the "December 2022 Warrants") to purchase 1,338,462 shares of our Common Stock (the "Offering"). The combined public offering price for each share of Common Stock and accompanying two warrants was \$13.00 per share, and the combined offering price for each Pre-Funded Warrant and accompanying two warrants was \$12.98 per share.

The December 2022 Warrants may not be exercised by the holder to the extent that the holder, together with its affiliates, would beneficially own, after such exercise more than 4.99% of the shares of our Common Stock then outstanding (subject to the right of the holder to increase or decrease such beneficial ownership limitation upon notice to us, provided that such limitation cannot exceed 9.99%).

The Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants were classified as a component of permanent equity and the December 2022 Warrants were liability-classified and were recorded at the issuance date using a relative fair value allocation method. The Pre-Funded 2022 Warrants are equity-classified because they are freestanding financial instruments that are legally detachable and separately exercisable from the equity instruments, are immediately exercisable, and permit the holders to receive a fixed number of shares of Common Stock upon exercise. In addition, such warrants do not provide any guarantee of value or return. The December 2022 Warrants are liability-classified as there is a volatility floor and these warrants are not indexed to our Common Stock.

Raymond Chang, our Chairman and CEO, participated in the Offering and purchased 115,385 shares of Common Stock and 230,769 warrants for an aggregate purchase price of approximately \$1.5 million.

We received aggregate gross proceeds to us from the Offering of approximately \$8.7 million including offering costs of approximately \$0.5 million for broker fees and legal expenses, for net proceeds of \$8.2 million. We intend to use the net proceeds from the Offering, together with our existing cash resources, for working capital and general corporate purposes, which may include capital expenditures and repayment of debt.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant estimates include assumptions about collection of accounts and notes receivable, the valuation and recognition of stock-based compensation expense, valuation allowance for deferred tax assets and useful life of fixed assets and intangible assets.

Financial Overview

Critical Accounting Policies and Significant Judgments and Estimates

Our management's discussion and analysis of our financial position and results of operations is based on our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, or GAAP. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires us to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate estimates, which include estimates related to accruals, stock-based compensation expense, and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported period. We base our estimates on historical experience and other market-specific or other relevant assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results may differ materially from those estimates or assumptions.

Revenue Recognition

Overview

We generate revenue from the following sources: (1) equipment sales, (2) providing services and (3) construction contracts.

In accordance with ASC 606 "Revenue Recognition", we recognize revenue from contracts with customers using a five-step model, which is described below:

- identify the customer contract;
- identify performance obligations that are distinct;
- determine the transaction price;
- allocate the transaction price to the distinct performance obligations; and
- recognize revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied.

Identify the customer contract

A customer contract is generally identified when there is approval and commitment from both use and its customer, the rights have been identified, payment terms are identified, the contract has commercial substance and collectability, and consideration is probable. Specifically, we obtain written/electronic signatures on contracts and a purchase order, if said purchase orders are issued in the normal course of business by the customer.

Identify performance obligations that are distinct

A performance obligation is a promise by us to provide a distinct good or service or a series of distinct goods or services. A good or service that is promised to a customer is distinct if the customer can benefit from the good or service either on its own or together with other resources that are readily available to the customer, and our promise to transfer the good or service to the customer is separately identifiable from other promises in the contract.

Determine the transaction price

The transaction price is the amount of consideration to which we expect to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer, excluding sales taxes that are collected on behalf of government agencies.

Allocate the transaction price to distinct performance obligations

The transaction price is allocated to each performance obligation based on the relative standalone selling prices ("SSP") of the goods or services being provided to the customer. Our contracts typically contain multiple performance obligations, for which we account for individual performance obligations separately, if they are distinct. The standalone selling price reflects the price we would charge for a specific piece of equipment or service if it was sold separately in similar circumstances and to similar customers.

Recognize revenue as the performance obligations are satisfied

Revenue is recognized when, or as, performance obligations are satisfied by transferring control of a promised product or service to a customer.

Significant Judgments

We enter into contracts that may include various combinations of equipment, services and construction, which are generally capable of being distinct and accounted for as separate performance obligations. Contracts with customers often include promises to transfer multiple products and services to a customer. Determining whether products and services are considered distinct performance obligations that should be accounted for separately versus together may require significant judgment. Once we determine the performance obligations, it determines the transaction price, which includes estimating the amount of variable consideration to be included in the transaction price, if any. We then allocate the transaction price to each performance obligation in the contract based on the SSP. The corresponding revenue is recognized as the related performance obligations are satisfied.

Judgment is required to determine the SSP for each distinct performance obligation. We determine SSP based on the price at which the performance obligation is sold separately and the methods of estimating SSP under the guidance of Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC") 606-10-32-33. If the SSP is not observable through past transactions, we estimate the SSP, taking into account available information such as market conditions, expected margins, and internally approved pricing guidelines related to the performance obligations. We license our software as a SaaS type subscription license, whereby the customer only has a right to access the software over a specified time period. The full value of the contract is recognized ratably over the contractual term of the SaaS subscription, adjusted monthly if tiered pricing is relevant. We typically satisfy our performance obligations for equipment sales when equipment is made available for shipment to the customer; for services sales as services are rendered to the customer and for construction contracts both as services are rendered and when contract is completed.

We utilize the cost-plus margin method to determine the SSP for equipment and build-out services. This method is based on the cost of the services from third parties, plus a reasonable markup that we believe is reflective of a market-based reseller margin.

We determine the SSP for services in time and materials contracts by observable prices in standalone services arrangements.

We estimate variable consideration in the form of royalties, revenue share, monthly fees, and service credits are estimated at contract inception and updated at the end of each reporting period if additional information becomes available. Variable consideration is typically not subject to constraint. Changes to variable consideration were not material for the periods presented.

If a contract has payment terms that differ from the timing of revenue recognition, we will assess whether the transaction price for those contracts include a significant financing component. We have elected the practical expedient that permits an entity to not adjust for the effects of a significant financing component if we expect that at the contract inception, the period between when the entity transfers a promised good or service to a customer and when the customer pays for that good or service, will be one year or less. For those contracts in which the period exceeds the one-year threshold, this assessment, as well as the quantitative estimate of the financing component and its relative significance, requires judgment. Accordingly, we impute interest on such contracts at an agreed upon interest rate and will present the financing components separately as financial income. For the three months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022, we did not have any such financial income.

Payment terms with customers typically require payment 30 days from invoice date. Our agreements with customers do not provide for any refunds for services or products and therefore no specific reserve for such is maintained. In the infrequent instances where customers raise a concern over delivered products or services, we have endeavored to remedy the concern and all costs related to such matters have been insignificant in all periods presented.

We have elected to treat shipping and handling activities after the customer obtains control of the goods as a fulfillment cost and not as a promised good or service. Accordingly, we will accrue all fulfillment costs related to the shipping and handling of consumer goods at the time of shipment. We have payment terms with its customers of one year or less and has elected the practical expedient applicable to such contracts not to consider the time value of money. Sales, value add, and other taxes we collect concurrent with revenue-producing activities are excluded from revenue.

We receive payment from customers based on specified terms that are generally less than 30 days from the satisfaction of performance obligations. There are no contract assets related to performance under the contract. The difference in the opening and closing balances of our deferred revenue primarily results from the timing difference between our performance and the customer's payment. We fulfill obligations under a contract with a customer by transferring products and services in exchange for consideration from the customer. Accounts receivables are recorded when the customer has been billed or the right to consideration is unconditional. We recognize deferred revenue when consideration has been received or an amount of consideration is due from the customer, and we have a future obligation to transfer certain proprietary products.

In accordance with ASC 606-10-50-13, we are required to include disclosure on its remaining performance obligations as of the end of the current reporting period. Due to the nature of our contracts, these reporting requirements are not applicable. The majority of our remaining contracts meet certain exemptions as defined in ASC 606-10-50-14 through 606-10-50-14A, including (i) performance obligation is part of a contract that has an original expected duration of one year or less and (ii) the right to invoice practical expedient.

We generally provide a one-year warranty on our products for materials and workmanship but may provide multiple year warranties as negotiated, and will pass on the warranties from its vendors, if any, which generally covers this one-year period. In accordance with ASC 450-20-25, we accrue for product warranties when the loss is probable and can be reasonably estimated. The reserve for warranty returns is included in accrued expenses and other current liabilities in our consolidated balance sheets.

Accounting for Business Combinations

We allocated the purchase price of acquired companies to the tangible and intangible assets acquired, including in-process research and development assets, and liabilities assumed, based upon their estimated fair values at the acquisition date. These fair values are typically estimated with assistance from independent valuation specialists. The purchase price allocation process requires us to make significant estimates and assumptions, especially at the acquisition date with respect to intangible assets, contractual support obligations assumed, contingent consideration arrangements, and pre-acquisition contingencies.

Although we believe the assumptions and estimates we have made in the past have been reasonable and appropriate, they are based in part on historical experience and information obtained from the management of the acquired companies and are inherently uncertain.

Examples of critical estimates in valuing certain of the intangible assets we have acquired or may acquire in the future include but are not limited to:

- future expected cash flows from software license sales, support agreements, consulting contracts, other customer contracts, and acquired developed technologies;
- expected costs to develop in-process research and development into commercially viable products and estimated cash flows from the projects when completed;
- the acquired company's brand and competitive position, as well as assumptions about the period of time the acquired brand will continue to be used in the combined company's product portfolio;
- cost of capital and discount rates; and
- estimating the useful lives of acquired assets as well as the pattern or manner in which the assets will amortize.

The fair value estimates related to the various identified intangible assets were determined under various valuation approaches including the Income Approach, Relief-from-Royalty Method, and Discounted Cash Flow Method. These valuation methods require management to project revenues, operating expenses, working capital investment, capital spending and cash flows for the reporting unit over a multiyear period, as well as determine the weighted-average cost of capital to be used as a discount rate.

Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Amortization of acquired intangible assets is the result of the acquisition of TriGrow, which occurred in 2020, the acquisition of Sinclair which occurred in 2021, the acquisition of PurePressure, which also occurred in 2021, and the acquisition of Lab Society, which occurred in 2022. As a result of these transactions, customer relationships, acquired developed technology, non-compete agreements and trade names were identified as intangible assets, and are amortized over their estimated useful lives.

We recognize the excess of the purchase price over the fair value of identifiable net assets acquired as goodwill. Goodwill is not amortized but is tested for impairment annually on December 2 or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the goodwill may not be recoverable. The Company has determined it is a single reporting unit for the purpose of conducting the goodwill impairment assessment. A goodwill impairment charge is recorded if the amount by which the Company's carrying value exceeds its fair value, not to exceed the carrying amount of goodwill. Factors that could lead to a future impairment include material uncertainties such as a significant reduction in projected revenues, a deterioration of projected financial performance, future acquisitions and/or mergers, and a decline in the Company's market value as a result of a significant decline in the Company's stock price.

During the three-month period ended June 30, 2022, the Company identified a potential impairment triggering event associated with both a sustained decline in the Company's stock price and associated market capitalization, as well as a second-quarter slowdown in the cannabis industry as a whole. Due to these factors, the Company deemed that there may be an impairment to the carrying value of its long-lived assets and accordingly performed interim testing to determine the proper fair value of its long-lived assets as of June 30, 2022. Based on its interim testing, the Company noted that the entire carrying value of its goodwill and intangible assets should be impaired. Additional information regarding the Company's interim testing on goodwill and intangible assets may be found in Note 8 – Intangible Assets, Net and Goodwill, included elsewhere in the notes to the condensed consolidated financial statements. During the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, no impairment charges were recorded.

Capitalization of Internal Software Development Costs

We capitalize certain software engineering efforts related to the continued development of Agrify Insights software under ASC 985-20. Costs incurred during the application development phase are only capitalized once technical feasibility has been established and the work performed will result in new or additional functionality. The types of costs capitalized during the application development phase include employee compensation, as well as consulting fees for third-party software developers working on these projects. Costs related to the research and development are expensed as incurred until technical feasibility is established as well as post-implementation activities. Internal-use software is amortized on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of the asset, which ranges from two to five years.

Income Taxes

We account for income taxes pursuant to the provisions of ASC Topic 740, "Income Taxes," which requires, among other things, an asset and liability approach to calculating deferred income taxes. The asset and liability approach requires the recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of temporary differences between the carrying amounts and the tax bases of assets and liabilities. A valuation allowance is provided to offset any net deferred tax assets for which management believes it is more likely than not that the net deferred asset will not be realized.

We follow the provisions of ASC 740-10-25-5, "Basic Recognition Threshold." When tax returns are filed, it is highly certain that some positions taken would be sustained upon examination by the taxing authorities, while others are subject to uncertainty about the merits of the position taken or the amount of the position that would be ultimately sustained. In accordance with the guidance of ASC 740-10-25-6, the benefit of a tax position is recognized in the consolidated financial statements in the period during which, based on all available evidence, management believes it is more likely than not that the position will be sustained upon examination, including the resolution of appeals or litigation processes, if any. Tax positions taken are not offset or aggregated with other positions. Tax positions that meet the more-likely-than-not recognition threshold are measured as the largest amount of tax benefit that is more than 50 percent likely of being realized upon settlement with the applicable taxing authority. The portion of the benefits associated with tax positions taken that exceeds the amount measured as described above should be reflected as a liability for unrecognized tax benefits in the accompanying balance sheets along with any associated interest and penalties that would be payable to the taxing authorities upon examination. We believe our tax positions are all highly certain of being upheld upon examination. As such, we have not recorded a liability for unrecognized tax benefits.

We recognize the benefit of a tax position when it is effectively settled. ASC 740-10-25-10, "Basic Recognition Threshold" provides guidance on how an entity should determine whether a tax position is effectively settled for the purpose of recognizing previously unrecognized tax benefits. ASC 740-10-25-10 clarifies that a tax position can be effectively settled upon the completion of an examination by a taxing authority. For tax positions considered effectively settled, we recognize the full amount of the tax benefit.

Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation

We follow the provisions of ASC Topic 718, "Compensation — Stock Compensation." ASC Topic 718 establishes standards surrounding the accounting for transactions in which an entity exchanges its equity instruments for goods or services. ASC Topic 718 focuses primarily on accounting for transactions in which an entity obtains employee services in share-based payment transactions, such as options issued under our Stock Option Plans.

The fair value of each option is estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option-pricing model. This model incorporates certain assumptions for inputs including a risk-free market interest rate, expected dividend yield of the underlying Common Stock, expected option life, and expected volatility in the market value of the underlying Common Stock.

The Black-Scholes option-pricing model was developed for use in estimating the fair value of traded options, which have no vesting restrictions and are fully transferable. In addition, option valuation models require the input of highly subjective assumptions including the expected stock price volatility. Because our stock options and warrants have characteristics different from those of our traded stock, and because changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, in management's opinion, the existing models do not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of such stock options. The risk-free interest rate is based upon quoted market yields for United States Treasury debt securities with a term similar to the expected term. The expected dividend yield is based upon our history of having never issued a dividend and management's current expectation of future action surrounding dividends. We calculate the expected volatility of the stock price based on the corresponding volatility of our peer group stock price for a period consistent with the underlying instrument's expected term. The expected lives for such grants were based on the simplified method for employees and directors.

In arriving at stock-based compensation expense, we estimate the number of stock-based awards that will be forfeited due to employee turnover. Our forfeiture assumption is based primarily on its turn-over historical experience. If the actual forfeiture rate is higher than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment will be made to increase the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in a decrease to the expense recognized in our financial statements. If the actual forfeiture rate is lower than the estimated forfeiture rate, then an adjustment will be made to lower the estimated forfeiture rate, which will result in an increase to expense recognized in our financial statements. The expense we recognize in future periods will be affected by changes in the estimated forfeiture rate and may differ significantly from amounts recognized in the current period.

It is important that the discussion of our operating results that follows be read in conjunction with the critical accounting policies disclosed above.

Results of Operations

Comparison of the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 and 2022

The following table summarizes our results of operations for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three mon	ths 6 e 30,	ended	Six Month June	 nded
	2023		2022	2023	2022
Revenue (including \$0, \$1,129, \$46, and \$1,763 from related parties, respectively)	\$ 5,066	\$	19,329	\$ 10,870	\$ 45,350
Cost of goods sold	4,466		17,717	9,282	39,568
Gross profit	600		1,612	1,588	5,782
General and administrative	4,819		19,378	11,750	29,137
Selling and marketing	1,120		2,332	2,710	4,422
Research and development	643		2,438	1,378	4,522
Change in contingent consideration	(638)		(907)	(1,322)	(907)
Impairment of goodwill and intangible assets			69,904		69,904
Total operating expenses	 5,944		93,145	14,516	107,078
Loss from operations	 (5,344)		(91,533)	(12,928)	(101,296)
Interest expense, net	(400)		(3,311)	(1,199)	(2,752)
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities	(1,048)		20,181	1,624	30,966
Gain (loss) on extinguishment of notes payable	(11)		_	(4,631)	_
Other expense, net	(4)		_	_	_
Other (expense) income, net	(1,463)		16,870	(4,206)	28,214
Net loss before income taxes	(6,807)		(74,663)	(17,134)	(73,082)
Income tax benefit			62		262
Net loss	(6,807)		(74,601)	(17,134)	(72,820)
Income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	2		(3)	2	(4)
Net loss attributable to Agrify Corporation	\$ (6,805)	\$	(74,604)	\$ (17,132)	\$ (72,824)
Net loss per share attributable to Common Stockholders – basic and diluted	\$ (4.39)	\$	(561.31)	\$ (13.05)	\$ (569.13)
Weighted average common shares outstanding - basic and diluted (1)	1,549,669		132,911	1,312,299	127,956

⁽¹⁾ Periods presented have been adjusted to reflect the 1-for-20 reverse stock split on July 5, 2023. Additional information regarding reverse stock splits may be found in Note 1 – Overview, Basis of Presentation, and Significant Accounting Policies, included in the notes to the consolidated financial statements

Revenues

Our goal is to provide our customers with a variety of products to address their entire indoor agriculture needs. Our core product offering includes our Agrify Vertical Farming Units (or "VFUs") and Agrify Integrated Grow Racks with our Agrify Insights software, which are supplemented with environmental control products, grow lights, facility build-out services and extraction equipment.

We generate revenue from sales of cultivation solutions, including ancillary products and services, Agrify Insights software, facility build-outs and extraction equipment and solutions. We believe that our product mix forms an integrated ecosystem which allows us to be engaged with our customers from early stages of the grow cycle — first during the facility build-out, to the choice of cultivation solutions, running the grow business with our Agrify Insights software and finally, our extraction, post-processing and testing services to transform harvest into a sellable product. We believe that delivery of each solution in the various stages in the process will generate sales of additional solutions and services.

The following table provides a breakdown of our revenue for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended June 30,				%			%			
(In thousands)		2023		2022	 Change	Change	2023	2022	_ (Change	Change
Cultivation solutions, including ancillary											
products and services	\$	326	\$	321	\$ 5	2%	\$ 495	\$ 703	\$	(208)	(30)%
Agrify Insights software		35		44	(9)	(20)%	65	45		20	44%
Facility build-outs		255		9,006	(8,751)	(97)%	882	22,217		(21,335)	(96)%
Extraction solutions		4,450		9,958	(5,508)	(55)%	9,428	22,385		(12,957)	(58)%
Total revenue	\$	5,066	\$	19,329	\$ (14,263)	(74)%	\$ 10,870	\$ 45,350	\$	(34,480)	(76)%

Revenues decreased by \$14.3 million, or 74% for the three months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. Revenues decreased by \$34.5 million, or 76%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. The comparative decreases in revenue were generated primarily from decreases in revenue from facility build-outs and extraction solutions. Design and build revenues decreased by \$8.8 million and \$21.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively, due to reduced build-out of facilities under our TTK Solutions. Additionally, extraction division revenues decreased by \$5.5 million and \$13.0 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023, respectively.

Cost of Goods Sold

Cost of goods sold represents a combination of the following: construction-related costs associated with our facility build-outs, internal and outsourced labor and material costs associated with the assembly of both cultivation equipment (primarily VFUs) and extraction equipment, as well as labor and parts costs associated with the sale or provision of other products and services.

The following table provides a breakdown of our cost of goods sold for the three and six months ended June 30, 2023 and 2022:

	Three months ended						%				%			
(In thousands)	June 30, 2023 2022				Change	Change	_	June 2023	e 30	2022	(Change	Change	
Cultivation solutions, including ancillary		2025		2022	_	Change	Change		2020		2022	_	change	Change
products and services	\$	490	\$	1,335	\$	(845)	(63)%	\$	1,023	\$	1,740	\$	(717)	(41)%
Facility build-outs		248		8,712		(8,464)	(97)%		968		21,788		(20,820)	(96)%
Extraction solutions		3,728		7,670		(3,942)	(51)%		7,291		16,040		(8,749)	(55)%
Total cost of goods sold	\$	4,466	\$	17,717	\$	(13,251)	(75)%	\$	9,282	\$	39,568	\$	(30,286)	(77)%

Cost of goods sold decreased by \$13.3 million, or 75%, for the three months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. Cost of goods sold decreased by \$30.3 million, or 77%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023 compared to the same period in 2022. The comparative decreases in cost of goods sold is associated with the decreased amount of subcontractor construction costs related to facility build-outs, internal and outsourced labor and materials costs for the extraction solutions sales and cultivation solutions, including ancillary products and services.

Gross Profit (Loss)

	T	'hree mo	nths	ended					Six mont					
		June 30,					% June 30,							%
(In thousands)		2023 2022		Change		Change		2023		2022	C	Change	Change	
Gross profit	\$	600	\$	1,612	\$	(1,012)	(63)%	\$	1,588	\$	5,782	\$	(4,194)	(73)%

Gross profit totaled \$600 thousand, or 11.8% of total revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2023 compared to \$1.6 million, or 8.3% of total revenue during the three months ended June 30, 2022. Gross profit totaled \$1.6 million, or 14.6%, of total revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2023 compared to a gross profit of \$5.8 million, or 12.7%, of total revenue during the six months ended June 30, 2022.

General and Administrative

	Three mon	ths ended		ths ended				
	June	2 30,		%		%		
(In thousands)	2023	2022	Change	Change	2023	2022	Change	Change
General and administrative	\$ 4,819	\$ 19,378	\$ (14,559)	(75)%	\$ 11,750	\$ 29,137	\$ (17,387)	(60)%

General and administrative ("G&A") expenses consist principally of salaries and related costs for personnel, including stock-based compensation and travel expenses, associated with executive and other administrative functions. Other G&A expenses include, but are not limited to, professional fees for legal, consulting, depreciation and amortization and accounting services, as well as facility-related costs.

G&A expense decreased by \$14.6 million, or 75%, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. G&A expense decreased by \$17.4 million, or 60%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decrease is largely attributable to payroll, benefits and related expenses decreases of \$2.1 million, a decrease in acquisition-related expenses of \$1.3 million, a decrease in bad debt expense of \$9.0 million, a decrease in consulting and other related expenses of \$0.7 million, a decrease in stock based compensation of \$0.9 million, a decrease in insurance expenses of \$0.2 million, and a decrease in depreciation and amortization of \$0.7 million.

Selling and Marketing

	7	Three months ended							Six mont					
		June 30,					% June 30,							%
(In thousands)		2023 202		2022 Change		Change	Change		2023		2022	(Change	Change
Selling and marketing	\$	1,120	\$	2,438	\$	(1,318)	(54)%	\$	2,710	\$	4,422	\$	(1,712)	(39)%

Selling and marketing expenses consist primarily of salaries and related costs of personnel, travel expenses, trade shows and advertising expenses.

Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$1.3 million, or 54%, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. Selling and marketing expenses decreased by \$1.7 million, or 39%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decreases are largely attributable to reduced payroll, advertising and trade show expenses.

Research and Development

	Th	Three months ended						Six	mont						
		June 30,					% June 30,							%	
(In thousands)	2	2023 2022		(Change	Change	202	23		2022	(Change	Change		
Research and development	\$	643	\$	2,332	\$	(1,689)	(72)%	\$ 1	1,378	\$	4,522	\$	(3,144)	(70)%	

Research and development ("R&D") expenses consisted primarily of costs incurred for the development of our Agrify Insights software and next generation VFUs, which include:

- employee-related expenses, including salaries, benefits, and travel;
- expenses incurred by the subcontractor under agreements to provide engineering work related to the development of our next generation VFUs:
- expenses related to our facilities, depreciation, and other expenses, which include direct and allocated expenses for rent and maintenance of facilities, insurance and other supplies.

R&D expense decreased by \$1.7 million, or 72%, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. R&D expense decreased by \$3.1 million, or 70%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decreases are largely attributable to the personnel and facility costs associated with the continued development of our VFUs, specifically related to improving the individual unit cooling and humidity environments.

Other (Expense) Income, Net

	1	Three months ended								hs e	ended					
		June 30,					% June 30,							%		
(In thousands)		2023		2022	(Change	Cl	nange		2023		2022	(Change	Change	
Interest expense, net	\$	(400)	\$	(3,311)	\$	2,911		(88)%	\$	(1,199)	\$	(2,752)	\$	1,553	(56)%	
Change in fair value of warrant liabilities		(1,048)		20,181		(21,229)		(105)%		1,624		30,966		(29,342)	(95)%	
Loss on extinguishment of notes payable		(11)		_		(11)		N/A		(4,631)		_		(4,631)	N/A	
Other expense, net		(4)				(4)		N/A							%	
Total other income, net	\$	(1,463)	\$	16,870	\$	(18,333)		(109)%	\$	(4,206)	\$	28,214	\$	(32,420)	(115)%	

Interest income (expense), net decreased by \$2.9 million, or 88%, for the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. Interest income (expense), net decreased by \$1.6 million, or 56%, for the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decrease in interest expense is attributable mainly to the decrease in principal balance of the debt payable to High Trail Special Situations LLC on which interest in accrued.

The change in fair value of warrant liabilities decreased by \$21.2 million, or 105% during the three months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The change in fair value of warrant liabilities decreased by \$29.3 million, or 95% during the six months ended June 30, 2023, compared to the same period in 2022. The decrease is related to a significant decline in the fair value of warrant liabilities during the three and six months ended June 30, 2022 between the initial grant date fair value and the fair value as of June 30, 2022. This decline in fair value was driven by a significant decrease in stock price during that time, which is an input to the valuation calculation. Such a fluctuation in stock price did not exist in the same period in 2023 and therefore there was not a significant change in the fair value of warrant liabilities in the current period.

The loss on extinguishment of notes payable of \$4.6 million incurred during the six months ended June 30, 2023 is driven by the modification of the notes payable to High Trail Special Situations LLC through the Securities Exchange Agreement that was entered into on March 8, 2023 which was deemed to be an extinguishment of debt under ASC 470.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

As of June 30, 2023, our principal sources of liquidity were cash and cash equivalents totaling \$308 thousand. Our current working capital needs are to support revenue growth, to fund construction and equipment financing commitments associated with our TTK Solutions, manage inventory to meet demand forecasts and support operational growth. Our long-term financial needs primarily include working capital requirements and capital expenditures. There are many factors that may negatively impact our available sources of funds in the future, including the ability to generate cash from operations, raise debt capital and raise cash from the issuance of our securities. The amount of cash generated from operations is dependent upon factors such as the successful execution of our business strategy and general economic conditions.

We may opportunistically raise debt capital, subject to market and other conditions. Additionally, as part of our growth strategies, we may also raise debt capital for strategic alternatives and general corporate purposes. If additional financing is required from outside sources, we may not be able to raise such capital on terms acceptable to us or at all. If we are unable to raise additional capital when desired, we may be forced to cease operations.

Indebtedness

We entered into one Loan Agreement and Promissory Note with Bank of America pursuant to the Paycheck Protection Program (the "PPP") under the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act ("CARES Act") administered by the U.S. Small Business Administration. We received total proceeds of approximately \$779 thousand from the unsecured PPP Loan which was originally scheduled to mature in May 2022. We applied for forgiveness on the \$779 thousand of our PPP Loan however was denied by the SBA. On June 23, 2022, we received a letter from Bank of America agreeing to extend the maturity date to May 7, 2025 and bears interest at a rate of 1.00% per year. The PPP loan is payable in 34 equal combined monthly principal and interest payments of approximately \$24 thousand that commenced on August 7, 2022.

On March 14, 2022, we entered into a Securities Purchase Agreement with an institutional investor. The Purchase Agreement provides for the issuance of the SPA Note in the aggregate amount of \$65.0 million and a SPA Warrant to purchase up to an aggregate of 34,406 shares of Common Stock, with the potential for two potential subsequent closings for notes with an original principal amount of \$35.0 million each.

On August 18, 2022, we entered into a Securities Exchange Agreement. Pursuant to the August 2022 Exchange Agreement, we partially paid \$35.2 million along with approximately \$300 thousand in repayments for other fees under the SPA Note and exchanged the remaining balance of the SPA Note for an Exchange Note with an aggregate original principal amount of \$35.0 million and a Note Exchange Warrant to purchase 71,139 shares of Common Stock. Additionally, we exchanged the SPA Warrant for a Modified Warrant for the same number of underlying shares but with a reduced exercise price.

On March 8, 2023, the Company entered into a new Securities Exchange Agreement. Pursuant to the March 2023 Exchange Agreement, we prepaid approximately \$10.3 million in principal amount under the Exchange Note and exchanged \$10.0 million in principal amount of the remaining balance of the Exchange Note for a new senior secured convertible note (the "Convertible Note").

The Convertible Note is a senior secured obligation and will rank senior to all of our indebtedness. The Convertible Note will mature on August 19, 2025 (the "Maturity Date") and has a 9.0% annualized interest rate, with interest to be paid monthly, in cash. The principal amount of the Convertible Note will be payable on the maturity date, provided that the lender will be entitled to a cash sweep of 30% of the proceeds of any at-the-market equity offering and 20% of the proceeds received by us in connection with any other equity financing, which will reduce the outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note. On October 27, 2023, CP Acquisitions LLC, and entity affiliated with and controlled by Raymond Chang, acquired the Exchange Note and the Convertible Note. As of October 30, 2023, there was approximately \$6.7 million outstanding under the Exchange Note and \$8.8 million outstanding under the Convertible Note.

At any time, we may prepay all of the Exchange Note by redemption at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Note plus accrued but unpaid interest. The holder will also have the option of requiring us to redeem the Exchange Note on the one-year or two-year anniversaries of issuance at a price equal to the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest, or if we undergo a fundamental change at a price equal to 102.5% of the then-outstanding principal amount under the Exchange Note plus accrued but unpaid interest.

Cash Flows

The following table presents the major components of net cash flows from and used in operating, investing, and financing activities for the six months ended June 30, 2023, and 2022:

(In thousands)	J	une 30, 2023	ine 30, 2022
Net cash and cash equivalents (used in) provided by:			
Operating activities	\$	(11,634)	\$ (50,491)
Investing activities		11,358	(29,637)
Financing activities		(9,873)	 86,722
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$	(10,149)	\$ 6,594

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, we incurred a net loss of \$17.1 million, which included a \$12.9 million loss from operations, a \$4.6 million loss on extinguishment of notes payable, and \$1.2 million of interest expense, net, partially offset by a \$1.6 million credit related to the change in fair value of warrant liabilities. Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2023 was \$11.6 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, we incurred a net loss of \$72.8 million, which included a \$101.3 million loss from operations and \$2.8 million of interest expense, net, partially offset by a \$31.0 million credit related to the change in fair value of warrant liabilities. Net cash used in operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2022 was \$50.5 million.

Cash Flows from Investing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, net cash provided by investing activities was \$11.4 million, which included cash inflows of \$10.5 million in proceeds from the sale of securities and \$1.5 million in proceeds from the repayment of a loan receivable, partially offset by cash outflows of \$591 thousand in costs related to the issuance of loans.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash used in investing activities was \$29.6 million, which included cash outflows of \$20.4 million related to the issuance of TTK-related loans receivable, \$9.1 million of expenditures for property and equipment, \$3.5 million paid in connection with our 2022 acquisition of Lab Society and partially offset by \$3.4 million in net sales of marketable securities.

Cash Flows from Financing Activities

For the six months ended June 30, 2023, net cash used in financing activities was \$9.9 million, which was primarily driven by repayment of debt in a private placement of \$10.3 million and payments on insurance financing loans of \$999 thousand, partially offset by proceeds from the ATM Program of \$1.5 million.

For the six months ended June 30, 2022, net cash provided by financing activities was \$86.7 million, which consisted largely of \$62.4 million in proceeds from our issuance of debt and warrants in a private placement, and \$25.8 million from the issuance of Common Stock and warrants in a private placement, net of fees.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

During the periods presented, we did not have, nor do we currently have, any relationships with unconsolidated entities or financial partnerships, such as entities often referred to as structured finance or special purpose entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other contractually narrow or limited purposes. We are therefore not exposed to the financing, liquidity, market, or credit risk that could arise if we had engaged in those types of relationships.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these consolidated financial statements requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

These estimates are based on our knowledge and understanding of current conditions and actions that we may take in the future. Changes in these estimates will occur as a result of the passage of time and the occurrence of future events. Subsequent changes in these estimates may have a significant impact on our financial condition and results of operations and are recorded in the period in which they become known. We have identified the following estimates that, in our opinion, are subjective in nature, require the exercise of judgment and involve complex analysis: the fair value of derivative assets and liabilities, goodwill impairment assessment, revenue recognition and cost of goods sold.

The significant accounting policies and estimates that have been adopted and followed in the preparation of our consolidated financial statements are detailed in Note 1 - Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies included in our 2022 Annual Report on Form 10-K and in Note 1 - Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies to our condensed consolidated financial statements in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. There have been no changes in these policies and estimates that had a significant impact on the financial condition and results of operations for the periods covered in this Quarterly Report.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements Adopted

Information on recently issued accounting pronouncements is included in Note 1 - Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies, included in the notes to condensed consolidated financial statements covered under Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

New Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Adopted

More information on new accounting pronouncements not yet adopted by the Company is included within Note 1 - Overview, Basis of Presentation and Significant Accounting Policies, included in the notes to consolidated financial statements covered under Part I, Item 1 in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As a "smaller reporting company" as defined by Item 10 of Regulation S-K, the Company is not required to provide information required by this Item.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures are controls and other procedures that are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures include, without limitation, controls and procedures designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in our reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our management, including our Chief Executive Officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

As required by paragraph (b) of Rules 13a-15 and 15d-15 under the Exchange Act, our Chief Executive Officer carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of June 30, 2023. Based on this evaluation, our Chief Executive Officer concluded that, due to the material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting previously identified in Item 9A, "Controls and Procedures" of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 and filed with the SEC on November 28, 2023, our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective at the reasonable assurance level as of June 30, 2023.

Changes in Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

We are implementing certain measures to remediate the material weaknesses identified in the design and operation of our internal control over financial reporting, including hiring technically qualified personnel and improving our technical accounting resources and capabilities. Other than those measures, there have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting (as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act) during the quarter ended June 30, 2023 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, we are a party to various legal proceedings or claims arising in the ordinary course of business. For information related to legal proceedings, see the discussion under the caption Legal Matters in Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies to our condensed consolidated financial statements included in Part I, Item 1 of this Quarterly Report, which information is incorporated by reference into this Part II, Item 1.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

As of the date of this report, there are no material changes to our risk factors as previously disclosed in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2022.

Our recently completed reverse stock split is subject to several risks, and we cannot predict whether it will increase the market price for our Common Stock.

We cannot predict whether the 1-for-20 reverse stock split completed on July 5, 2023 will increase the market price for our Common Stock. The history of similar stock split combinations for companies in like circumstances is varied, and the market price of our Common Stock will also be based on our performance and other factors, some of which are unrelated to the number of shares outstanding. Further, there are a number of risks associated with the reverse stock split, including:

- The market price per share of our shares of Common Stock post-split may not remain in excess of the Minimum Bid Requirement, or we may fail to meet the other requirements for continued listing on Nasdaq, resulting in the delisting of our Common Stock.
- Although the Board of Directors believes that a higher stock price may help generate the interest of new investors, the reverse stock split may not result in a per-share price that will successfully attract certain types of investors and such resulting share price may not satisfy the investing guidelines of institutional investors or investment funds. Further, other factors, such as our financial results, market conditions and the market perception of our business, may adversely affect the interest of new investors in the shares of our Common Stock. As a result, the trading liquidity of the shares of our Common Stock may not improve as a result of the reverse stock split and there can be no assurance that the reverse stock split will result in the intended benefits.
- The reverse stock split could be viewed negatively by the market and other factors may adversely affect the market price of the shares of our Common Stock. Consequently, the market price per post-split share may not increase in proportion to the reduction of the number of shares of our Common Stock outstanding before the implementation of the reverse stock split. Accordingly, the total market capitalization of our shares of Common Stock after the reverse stock split may be lower than the total market capitalization before the reverse stock split. Any reduction in total market capitalization as the result of the reverse stock split may make it more difficult for us to meet the Nasdaq Listing Rule regarding minimum value of listed securities, which could result in our shares of Common Stock being delisted from The Nasdaq Capital Market.
- The reverse stock split may result in some stockholders owning "odd lots" of less than 100 shares of Common Stock. Odd lot shares may be more difficult to sell, and brokerage commissions and other costs of transactions in odd lots are generally somewhat higher than the costs of transactions in "round lots" of even multiples of 100 shares.

None.		
Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures		
Not applicable.		
Item 5. Other Information		
None.		
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Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

None.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

Item 6. Exhibits

Exhibit No.	Description
3.1	Certificate of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant, filed July 11, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1
	to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2022).
3.2	Certified of Amendment to the Articles of Incorporation of the Registrant, filed October 17, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit
	3.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October 17, 2022).
4.1	Form of Senior Secured Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the
	Securities and Exchange Commission on August 19, 2022).
4.2	Form of Warrant Exchange Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.2 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the
	Securities and Exchange Commission on August 19, 2022).
4.3	Form of Note Exchange Note (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 4.3 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the
	Securities and Exchange Commission on August 19, 2022).
10.1†	Separation Agreement of Thomas Massie, dated as of July 8, 2022 (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.2 to the Registrant's Current
	Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2022).
10.2†	Employment Agreement, dated as of July 14, 2022, between the Registrant and Stuart Wilcox (incorporated by reference to Exhibit 10.1
	to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on July 14, 2022).
10.3††	Exchange Agreement, dated as of August 18, 2022, between Agrify Corporation and the investor listed therein (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 10.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on August
	<u>19, 2022).</u>
10.4††	Equity Distribution Agreement, dated as of October 18, 2022, between the Registrant and Canaccord Genuity LLC (incorporated by
	reference to Exhibit 1.1 to the Registrant's Current Report on Form 8-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on October
	<u>18, 2022).</u>
31.1*	Rule 13(a)-14(a)/15(d)-14(a) Certification of principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer
32.1**	Section 1350 Certification of principal executive officer and principal financial and accounting officer
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Label Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as Inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

- * Filed herewith.
- ** Furnished herewith in accordance with Item 601 (b)(32) of Regulation S-K.
- † Indicates a management contract, compensatory plan, or arrangement.
- †† Schedules and exhibits have been omitted pursuant to Item 601(a)(5) of Regulation S-K. The registrant hereby undertakes to furnish copies of any of the omitted schedules and exhibits upon request by the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

AGRIFY CORPORATION

By: /s/ Raymond Chang

Raymond Chang
Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

Date: December 11, 2023

CERTIFICATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER PURSUANT TO RULE 13A-14(A) UNDER THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, Raymond Chang, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Agrify Corporation (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this quarterly report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a. Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b. Designed such internal control over financial reporting or caused such internal control to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.
 - c. Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d. Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting;
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - a. All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b. Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: December 11, 2023 By: /s/ Raymond Chang

Name: Raymond Chang

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer

and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Agrify Corporation (the "Company") for the quarterly period ended June 30, 2023 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report"), the undersigned, in the capacity and on the date indicated below, hereby certifies pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and result of operations of the Company.

Date: December 11, 2023 By: /s/ Raymond Chang

Name: Raymond Chang

Title: Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer

and Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)